The Democratic Pioneer.

TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME IX.] ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1858. [NUMBER 9.

OCRATIC PIONEER.

B. GODWIN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

TERMS.

gle copy, one year, - - - $2 50
copies, one year, - - - - - 11 00
copies, one year, - - - - - 20 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

square of 16 lines or less, first insertion
ry subsequent one, 25 cents. Annual
ments made on favorable terms.
FFICE corner of Main and Road Streets
DWIN M. V GILBERT. JNO. L. PALMER.

RRY'S CITY HOTEL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
DWIN BERRY, PROPRIETOR.
SUBSCRIBER WOULD RE-
ctfully inform his friends and
and the public generally, that
ensed for a term of years the
rmerly kept by George A.
, Esq., and is now prepared to ac-
ate all who may favor him with their
e.
ble will always be furnished with the
t edibles afforded by our market, and
nts will be found polite and attentive.
ravelling public are requested to give
ll. Every possible exertion will be
give entire satisfaction to those who
p at the "CITY HOTEL."
28, 1857—1y

LEIGH HOUSE,
IZABETH CITY, N. C.
THE SUBSCRIBERS, HAVING LEAS-
ed for a term of years this spacious and
omfortable hotel, would announce their
s to accommodate the traveling public,
a manner, they hope, as to meet with
bation.
House is known to be one of the largest
the State—its ROOMS well furnished,
d comfortable, and to the cleanliness of
especial attention will be paid. Add to
TABLE well supplied with all the mar-
kets;—attentive servants; and landlords
ll do all in their power to please and
mfortable their guests; and the public
fear of having their wants and comfort
nd attentively administered to.
BINTON & LEE, *Proprietors.*
TON. }
E. } ja 19—tf.

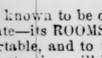
A CARD.
ERCHANTS' HOTEL,
GATESVILLE, N. C.
accommodate from 3 to 400 persons in
st style; also I have one of the largest
the State, and mule lots attached, for
modation of the public generally.
nd see me.
1858. T. G. VAUGHAN.

FESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,
NEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
GATESVILLE, N. C.
L attend all the Courts of Gates, Hert-
rd, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquo-
nies.
ss in either of the above counties punc
tended to. jan 24

JOSEPH E. CARTER,
NEY & COUNCELLOR AT LAW,
MURFREESBOROUGH, N. C.
L practice in the County Courts of
Hertford, Bertie, Northampton, and
unties. Particular attention paid to
ns, and all business entrusted to my
ll meet with ready attention and scru-
uciness.
he best of references can be given.
th, 1857 - 1y.

. B. GODWIN,



DENTAL SURGEON,
NUES THE PRACTICE OF HIS PRO-
ion at his rooms, over the store of C.
E q.
April 28, 1857.

USINESS CARDS.

ONS. [D. D. SIMMONS.
D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,
*NERAL COMMISSION & FOR-
WARDING MERCHANTS,*
NORFOLK, VA.

S. H. WHITEHURST'S
TRO PALLOTYPE GALLERIES
Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
Main Street, Richmond, Va.
Street, Norfolk, Va.
Lone Street, Petersburg, Va.
Lone Street, Lynchburg, Va.
ortraits taken equally well in all
aug 6

GEORGE W. BELL.



DEALER IN
LES, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS
AND FINE CUTLERY,
Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
—1y

ARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned
this day formed a Co-partnership,
style and firm of DELK & LINDSEY,
rpose of conducting a GENERAL COM-
SINESS. We most respectfully solicit
nage; pledging ourselves to prompt
l attention to all business confided to

rience of Mr. Delk, in the business
thirteen years, gives our firm all the
of a thorough knowledge of the
usiness.
prepared to grant the usual facilities
ds.
EDWIN H. DELK,
Late of Hardy & Delk.
EDMUND C. LINDSEY,
Late of Currituck Co. N. C.
Va., Aug. 19th, 1856. 1y

atch Making Establishment.
UNDERSIGNED INTENDING
make Elizabeth City his perma-
dence, is prepared to repair Watches
of any description, and will do every
his power to give satisfaction. Work
the greatest despatch and warranted.
mended in a substantial, durable and
nner. Ladies and gentlemen are re-
give him a trial. A share of public
will be thankfully received. Please
store on Road street, one door South
eer office.
W. GEORGE SARTORIUS.
1856.

RRINGS! HERRINGS!!
BBLS. OF HERRINGS, FOR
sale by
J. J. GRANDY.

HERTFORD MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY,

HERTFORD, N. C.

D. BARCLIFT, Principal.
W. H. WEATHERLY, A. B., Assistant,

IN MALE DEPARTMENT;
D. BARCLIFT, Principal.
MISS VIRGINIA WOOD, and
MISS EMMA S. GORDON, Assistants,

IN FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

THE Scholastic Term of this Institution will open on the first Monday in October next, and will close the third week in July following. This term is divided into two sessions; the Fall session ending with the last week in February, and the Spring session beginning the ensuing Monday—thus allowing no intermission to intervene.

Hitherto the Male and Female Departments have been entirely distinct, operating under the supervision of two different Principals. The present arrangements propose a more permanent and satisfactory organization, both departments being brought under the immediate charge of the same Principal. The department of Music will be conducted by Miss VIRGINIA WOOD, a teacher of rare attainments, and of great tact and diligence in advancing pupils. Miss EMMA S. GORDON, a diligent and competent Instructress, will teach the English branches and French.

Terms of Tuition per Session, payable one-half in advance.

MALE DEPARTMENT.

Primary English, - -	$ 12 50
Mathematics and Higher English Branches, - - -	15 00
Ancient Languages, - - -	20 00
Vocal Music,* - - - - -	4 00
Incidentals, - - - -	1 00

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Primary English, - -	$ 10 00
Mathematics and Higher English Branches, - - -	12 00
Latin, - - - - -	7 50
French, - - - - -	7 50
Music on Piano, with use of instrument, - - - -	20 00
Drawing, &c., &c., - - - -	5 00
Vocal Music,* - - - -	4 00
Incidentals, - - - -	1 00

* Instruction in Vocal Music will be given optional with the patrons, with the additional charge of $4.00.

Pupils will be received at any time, and charged from the time of entrance.

No deduction made for absence, except in case of protracted sickness.

Good board can be obtained in the best families upon reasonable terms.

A report as to the scholarship, punctuality and deportment of each pupil will be sent to parents and guardians at the end of each month.

For further particulars, address
D. BARCLIFT, PRINCIPAL,
August 17, 1858—2m. Hertford, N. C.

CHESAPEAKE FEMALE COLLEGE,
HAMPTON, VA.

Rev. CHAS. A. RAYMOND, President.
Assisted by a corps of competent Professors and several Female Assistants.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence the first Monday in October, and close in July following. Students will be received at any time. No deduction will be made for a late entrance, unless it be six weeks after the commencement of the session. After entering, there will be no deduction for absence, except in cases of protracted illness. All students from abroad will board on the College premises, except at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.

EXPENSES.

For a full session, payable one-half at the commencement, the remainder at the expiration of the first half of the session. In the Academic and Collegiate Departments, and in the Special Course, including Ancient Languages and Lectures, - - - - - $ 50

Optional Course—for which the charges are extra.

Music, (Instrumental,) per session,	$ 50
Modern Languages, each, per session,	20
Drawing, per session, - - -	20
Oil Painting, - - - -	40
Contingent Fund, including use of Piano, school room expenses, &c., -	10
Board, per session, including washing, fuel and lights, - - - -	150

Pupils purchase for cash their own books, stationery, sheet music, &c., &c., and pay two dollars each a term for keeping in tune the pianos upon which they practise.

Vocal Music in classes at the charge of the Teacher in that Department.

It will thus be seen that the whole expense for a pupil in the Collegiate or Academic Department, without Music or Optional studies, but including board and all contingencies, is per year, $212.

If expenses in Music Department are added $262.

Ministers of the Gospel are entitled to send their daughters free of tuition in the Collegiate and Academic Departments.

The location is unsurpassed by that of any other College in this country; and for healthiness, will compare favorably with the mountain districts. Last session there were several young ladies in a tendance, who came as much for their health, as to pursue their studies; all of whom were in the enjoyment of that great blessing (health) at the close of the school, and will return as soon as it opens.

For further information address the President, or

WM. R. VAUGHAN, M. D.,
Secretary.
September 21, 1858. 7 - 2t.

RIDDICKSVILLE SEMINARY,

NEAR SUNSBURY, GATES COUNTY, N. C.
M. KELLOGG, Jr., Principal and Proprietor.
E. E. MERRIAM, A. B.

THE TENTH ANNUAL SESSION OF this Institute will commence on the last Monday in September, 1858, and close (with the ordinary intermission during the Christmas holidays) on the third Friday in July, 1859.—While the Elementary Branches of Education will receive that earnest and careful attention which they demand, thorough instruction will also be given in Practical Surveying, Book-Keeping, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Mental and Moral Science, French and German.

The Mathematical and Classical course will be liberal, preparing young gentlemen for admission to an advanced class in our most respectable colleges.

Grateful for the uniformly liberal patronage extended him, for a period of nearly nine years, the Principal will devote his entire efforts to promote the mental and moral improvement of his pupils, and his constant aim will be to satisfy the expectations of those who may entrust to his care the interest of their sons and wards.

A record is kept of the Recitations, Deportment, &c., of each Student, an abstract of which will be transmitted to the Parents or Guardians, at the expiration of every eight weeks.

TERMS:—Per Scholastic year, for Board, Tuition, Washing and Fuel, $120.

For further details please address the Principal.
September 14, 1858. 6—4w.

HOUSEKEEPERS, TAKE NOTICE.

NOW is the time, and ROBERTS & CO.'S is the place, to buy one of the XL all ventilated Refrigerators,
Improved Water Coolers,
Patent and plain Ice Cream Freezers,
Tin Safes, Summer Furnaces,
Patent Fruit Jars,
Ice Pitchers, New World Cook Stoves,
[illegible] Lamps, Fluid Lamps of all kinds,
Kerosene [illegible] Bath, Sitz Baths, Bath-
Niagara Jet Shaw[illegible]
[illegible]ing Tubs, [illegible]nds,
Tin and Japaned Ware of all kin[illegible]
Agricultural Boilers, &c.
All of which we offer at extremely low rates.
Norfolk, Va., June 29.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL OPEN A School for the instruction of Young Ladies in Edenton, N. C., on the first Monday in October, 1858. The first session will end on the 22d of February. The second session will commence on the 23d of February, 1859, and end on the 12th of July.

In the School will be taught, in addition to the ordinary English Branches of Female Education, including the higher branches of mathematical science, the following branches; to wit: Music on the Piano, Drawing, Painting in Water Colors, Silk and French Embroidery, the French and Spanish Languages. Tuition (which must be invariably paid in advance) will be as follows, per session: English $20; French or Spanish $20; Music, $25; Drawing, $6; Painting in Water Colors, $10; Silk or French Embroidery, each $5

No more than Ten scholars will be admited to each instructress; and should *Twenty-five* pupils offer, another competent instructress will be added. Board can be had in Edenton at cheap rates, and the expenses of tuition in such branches as pupils would ordinarily take, at one time, can only in rare instances of extraordinary advancement, exceed some *Fifty Dollars*, per session, (music on the piano included) which we consider reasonably low; when the number of scholars to each instructress and the branches to be taught, are considered.

The School will ordinarily open at 9 o'clock A. M., and close at 3 to 3½ P M., with an interval of about one hour after 12 o'clock.

☞ Neither religious instruction or bias will be given, or attempted in the school.

ELLEN B. HEATH,
M. ANNA B. HEATH.

Edenton, N. C., July 30, '58.

It will be seen by the above, that my daughters, Misses Ellen B. and M. Anna B. Heath propose to open a school for young ladies in Edenton. Though I have no pecuniary interest in the school, which is solely that of my daughters, yet I may be permitted to add, that the young ladies who propose to open the school are graduates of St. Joseph's, Emmettsburg, Maryland; that I pledge myself they are in all respects competent to instruct in the proposed branches; and further, that the religious instruction of young ladies committed to their care will not be interfered with. Persons from a distance, desiring to patronize the school, can address the Young Ladies, at Edenton, N. C., to my care.

R. R. HEATH.

Aug. 31, 1858.—6ts.

TO THE LADIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS HER SERvices to the ladies of North Carolina and Virginia, and will be pleased to attend to their SHOPPING, DRESS-MAKING, MILLINERY, &c. Having abundant leisure and much experience in shopping for her friends in the country, she is prepared to perform all orders, large or small—obtaining the best article at the lowest price,—charging a reasonable commission for her services. Ladies residing on farms will be saved much expense by entrusting their light orders to the undersigned, and she can render great service in furnishing the wardrobe of a bride, or attending to orders for large parties, &c., &c.

Address Miss MARY C. PANNELL,
Norfolk, Va.

REFERENCES:

North Carolina—Mrs. M. Ferrall, Mrs. B. Pore, Halifax; Miss M. A. B. Heath, Edenton.
Virginia—Mrs. Wm. H. Thompson, Mrs. H. B. Reardon, Mrs. T. A. Hardy, Mrs. F. Perry, Norfolk.

August 31, 1858—1t.

INFIRMARY FOR SLAVES,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened at the Marine Hospital (in a separate building) an INFIRMARY FOR INVALID SLAVES. He has ample accommodations for a limited number, and will give them his careful attention—supplying them with every necessary their case requires. An institution of this kind offers many advantages to masters having servants afflicted with chronic or surgical diseases. And, from its economy, they are relieved of the expense and annoyance of having such upon a plantation.

The charges for Board, Medical attendance, Nursing, and Medicine, are $6 per week, payable upon the removal of the patient.

In cases requiring a surgical operation, in addition to the above rates, a fee varying from $2 to $30, in different cases, will be charged for the operation, the particulars of which may be ascertained upon application at the Infirmary.

The services of any other regular Physician will be allowed, at the expense of the master.

Persons in the country desiring to send patients to the Infirmary, or obtain information concerning it, may address the subscriber.

☞ No contagious diseases admitted.

H. P. RITTER, M. D.

April 27, 1857—1y.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CAMDEN COUNTY.—IN EQUITY, SPRING TERM, 1858

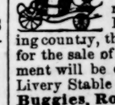
Frances Conway vs. Albert Conway. } Divorce and Sequestration.

It appearing to the Court that the defendant, Albert Conway, is not an inhabitant of this State, and that the said defendant has absconded so that the ordinary process of the Courts of this State cannot be served upon him. It is ordered that publication be made in the Democratic Pioneer, a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, for six weeks, that the said Defendant appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the county of Camden, at the Courthouse in Camden, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September next; then and there to plead, answer, demur, &c., or the Court will proceed to hear and determine the said cause *exparte*.

Attest, J. A. SPENCER, Clerk and Master of said Court, 5th Monday after 4th Monday in March, A. D., 1858.

JOS. A. SPENCER, C. M. E.
Sept. 7, 1858. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 5—6w.

NEW CARRIAGE AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.



THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and the surrounding country, that he has opened a REPOSITORY for the sale of CARRIAGES; and a good assortment will be constantly kept on hand, at the Livery Stable of Mr. A. L. Jones—consisting of **Buggies, Rockaways, Sulkies, &c., &c.,** which will be sold at prices to suit the times.—Also, a fine assortment of HARNESS, at low prices.

The business will be under the control of Mr. J. C. Whitehurst. The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before buying elsewhere.

J. C. WHITEHURST, Ag't.
for A. Wrenn, of the late firm of Jenkins & Wrenn, Norfolk, Va [mh 23-6m.

NORFOLK CO'Y. FARM FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale my FARM, known as "FAIRMOUNT," containing 250 Acres, partly cleared, the balance heavily timbered with Oak and Pine. This Farm is situated on the Western Branch of the Elizabeth River, in Norfolk county, distant from Norfolk and Portsmouth 6 miles by water, and five by land, is as healthy as any in Eastern Virginia, and unsurpassed by any Land in this section for producing early Vegetables, &c. It has on it a number of Fruit Trees and Asparagus Beds, and a never failing Spring of excellent Water, within a few yards of the house. The River front is extensive, and particularly valuable for planting Oysters. The Improvements consist of a new Dwelling House, built of the best materials and



in modern style, and containing 6 good rooms, with all necessary Barns, Stables, and other Out-houses, which are in good order.

A more minute description is deemed unnecessary, as any one desiring to purchase, would undoubtedly make a personal examination of the property.

It will be sold low, and on accommodating terms. Apply to me at Chuckatuck, Nansemond county, Va., or WM. R. H. HODGES, Portsmouth, Va.

JNO. H. HODGES.
September 21, 1858—1m.

VALUABLE FISHERY
FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD AT EDENTON, before the Court House door, on Tuesday of Chowan Superior Court, being the 12th day of October next, that excellent Fishery known as the

CROATAN FISHERY,

belonging to the Estate of the late Wm. Glover, Sr. The fishery is one of the best, if not the best, in North Carolina. Its success is proverbial throughout the District. It is in complete order.

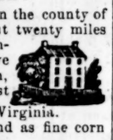
At the same time and place will be sold the Seine, Batteaux, a lot of barrels and other materials that may be on hand, together with several hundred bushels of Salt.

TERMS:—6, 12 and 18 months credit, interest from date, notes with approved security.

GEO. W. CHARLES, Ex'r.
August 31—7t. 4

FARM FOR SALE!

A TRACT of land situated in the county of Princess Anne, Va., about twenty miles from the city of Norfolk, containing seventy-five acres, forty-five of which are under cultivation, well enclosed and with the best



drainings of any farm in lower Virginia.

The wood land has as rich and as fine corn growing soil as any in Virginia.

There is a good dwelling house upon it with five rooms, with attic in good order and condition, with all the necessary out-houses and a fine well of water. It is one of the best locations for a physician, or a carpenter or a blacksmith. There is a school within a quarter of a mile. For terms apply to

JOSHUA JAMES, Sr.,
London Bridge, Princess Anne County, Va., or
J. J. MOORE & CO., Auct'rs.,
Norfolk, Va.
August 31, 1858. 4—7w: pd $5.

LATE ARRIVALS AT THE BEE HIVE.

OPENED this morning, Monday, June 21st, the cheapest goods of the season.

2 cases of fast colored Lawns at 12½ cts., worth 25 cts.

Lawn Robes and Organdies in great variety at a reduction of 25 per ct. on former prices.

One cartoon of real Bobbin Edge.
One cartoon of real English Thread,
Laces all widths ½ the usual prices.
1000 Collars at 6½ cts.
1000 do " 12½ cts.
1000 splendid Swiss Bands at 25 cts., worth $1.

Double width White Barege for Dusters—also single width White Crape Berage, white, black and fancy colored Dusters, large and Misses sizes, at a great reduction.

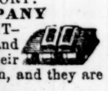
Silks, Bareges, Robes, &c., selling very cheap to close them out.

Mantillas—we have reduced the prices of our Mantillas to about half the usual prices in order to close them out, as the season is advancing.

Look for the sign of the Bee Hive, 57 Main Street, Norfolk, Va. jun 29

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK
BOOK MANUFACTORY.
VICKERY & COMPANY

WOULD INFORM THE CITizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, that their



Book Bindery is in full operation, and they are prepared to manufacture

BLANK BOOKS

of every description of Binding and style of Ruling; and to bind Magazines, Music, and printed Books of every kind in the best manner, and on as reasonable terms as any establishment in the United States.

Merchants, Clerks of Courts and Bank officers, will find it greatly to their advantage to have their Blank Books made at our establishment, as no pains will be spared to give perfect satisfaction both as regards quality and price.

VICKERY & COMPANY,
Booksellers, Stationers, Book Binders and Blank Book Manufacturers,
No. 19 Main Street, head of Market Square,
ja 26 Norfolk, Va.

NOTICE.

$150 REWARD!

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, on Monday, the 29th day of March, my Negro Boy BOB. He is about twenty-two or twenty-three years of age, bacon color, gizzard-footed, and slightly ruptured. He is about five feet six or seven inches high, has a large full face, and a scar in one corner of his mouth, bitten by a dog when he was a child. I will give one hundred and fifty dollars for BOB, delivered to me upon my farm in Currituck Co., or for his confinement in any jail, so that I get him again. All persons are hereby warned against harboring or employing said negro, under the penalty of the law.

THOMAS L. SANDERSON.
Currituck Co., June 1, 1858. 43—tf.

To Newspaper Publishers.

THE SUBSCRIBER is desirous of obtaining a situation in a newspaper office anywhere in Eastern North Carolina. Being a good practical printer at book, job-work, &c., he feels confident he would give satisfaction to his employer. A line addressed to the publishers of this paper, or to me, will meet with prompt attention.

WM. R. CARSON,
at Wendell's office,
May 18, 1858—(2t.) Washington, *D. C.*

ANOTHER lot of those elegant French Lace Mantillas just opened at the BEE HIVE.

2 doz Magnificent French Lace Mantillas, which will be sold at a great bargain.

—ALSO—

A few very superior Barege Robes, the richest goods ever seen in this city.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall jy27

TIN WARE WHOLESALE—We have now on hand and manufacturing daily a large assortment of Tin Ware manufactured by good workmen and warranted, will be sold as low as can be bought North.

feb 17 WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & Co.

MORNING STAR COOK STOVES.

WE have on hand all sizes of this Stove; our customers who have been waiting can now be supplied; we are selling them very cheap for cash or good paper, at the Depot.

fe 16 WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.

POETRY.

"IT IS WELL."

The last words of Washington.

THERE is a quiet over Vernon's hill,
A deep repose about the sacred scene,
A beauty void of pride, that does not chill
The heart, but makes it calm—serene;
The silence of the death-bed still is there,
Of footsteps hushed, of mourners on the stair,
Of eyes that watch the cold death-finger trace,
Eternity upon the Chieftain's face.
And those few words the last that from him fell,
Have settled on the landscape like a spell—
Hill, Wave and Forest breathing—"*It is well.*"

Calm as the warrior heart that sleeps above,
Potomac rolls its clear blue wave below.
And on its breast the white winged vessels move,
Homeward or outward bound, they go—
Yet for a moment pausing on the wing,
A light cloud starts beneath, and seems to cling
Against the bow—then lifts toward the sun
And the deep music of the Tribute Gun
Floats o'er the wave and wakes the quiet dell—
'Peace to thy sleeper, Vernon"—such the swell—
A voice is felt in answer—"*It is well.*"

And yet the Hero's tomb is dark with age,
A stately ruin is the mansion home;
What should have added beauty to the page
And in completeness bound the matchless tome,
Stands as the writing in Belshazzar's halls—
The '*Mene, Tekel,*' of Columbia's walls—
Weighed and found wanting—recreant to the trust
Freedom bequeathed us in our Hero's dust;
And yet we boast he has a brighter cell,
A fitter for his own great soul to dwell,
The hearts of living millions—'*It is well.*'

The voice of Woman, soft and low, but clear,
Speaks in the land; Hope spreads her wings anew;
All is not lost when woman's smile and tear
Lend to a cause a sunlight and a dew,
To save his home from ruin and from blight,
Who drove from [illegible]'s oppression's darker night,
Demands an interest whoever pleads!—
Who shall refuse when woman intercedes?
Speed on the mission that so haply fell
'Mid hearts so warm. God aid them soon to tell
To list'ning ears and anxious—'*It is well.*'

MISCELLANEOUS.

BATTLE OF CHURUBUSCO.

FROM THE JOURNAL OF A 'PALMETTO BOY.'

The Battle of Contreras had been fought and the victory won. The stars and stripes were streaming from the ramparts of the Fort which two hours before had been pronounced impregnable by the Mexicans, and which was studded with cannon, bristled with bayonets, and manured by an army of twenty thousand disciplined troops. Valencia's mighty host, the flower of the army, had been routed with terrible slaughter, and were flying from the field in all directions. Scarce had the shouts of the victors ceased reverberating among those rugged hills, before the booming of Worth's cannon and rattle of Twiggs' muskets fell upon the ear, telling us in tones of thunder, that another battle was to be fought, another victory lost or won, before the already war-worn and wearied victors could rest from their toils. The wounded, as well as the many prisoners taken at Contreras, having been properly provided for, the troops were ordered off in quick time, to take their place and perform their part in that bloody drama, the first act of which was then being rehearsed upon the field of Churubusco.

Shields' brigade, consisting of New York and Palmetto Regiments, having had a taste of the blood of the Mexicans, thirsted for more, and with beating hearts, flushed with victory, hurried on quickly to the field of strife. Arriving at San Angel, we halted to await further orders. While we were resting upon our arms, Huger's battery came up in a gallop, and dashed past us, amid the cheers of our brigade. Shortly after our gallant old commander in chief, Gen. Scott, was seen approaching. Perceiving his approach, Col. Butler rode up and met him. They grasped hands, and tears coursed their way down the cheeks of Gen. Scott, as he returned his thanks to Col. Butler, for the gallant conduct of the Palmetto Regiment upon the field of Contreras. 'South Carolina will do her duty, General,' was the brief but characteristic reply of our Butler. Thus they parted never to meet again on earth.

The battle at the Convent and bridge was waging hotter and hotter. The musketry, and cannonading were terrific, and our boys longed to march to the fight, which was raging so fearfully. The order to move forward came at last, and was promptly obeyed.

Our brigade was ordered to file past the troops which were then engaged at the *tete pont*, and take position near the hacienda de las Portases, in order to cut off the retreat of the enemy. After a winding march of more than a mile, from San Angel, we found ourselves near the edge of a large field, which was damp and boggy. Here, to our surprise, as well as to the surprise of our commanding Generals, we found over four thousand Mexican troops—among them the celebrated Polque Guards, composed of dandies and rich men's sons residing in the city of Mexico—well entrenched, and protected by a hedge of the Polque plant, who at once opened a sharp fire upon us, which momentarily increased. As we were marching by a flank, it became necessary to execute a movement before we could meet our foes. The order 'on right by files into line' was extended, and never was this order so promptly filled under so galling a fire. We then advanced upon the Mexicans. Every step we took some of our boys would reel and fall, for the fire of the enemy was very deadly. The air seemed thick with leaden messengers of death, which told with terrible effect upon our lines, but still the Regiment advanced. Volley after volley were poured through our ranks in rapid succession, causing us to wave to and fro like stalks of wheat in a wind storm, but still we marched onward. Color bearer after color bearer would fall, but ere they touched the earth their flags were seen waving proudly o'er our heads.

The voice of our Butler could be heard high above the horrid noise and din of battle, urging us on to victory or to death.—General Shields finding it impossible to outflank the enemy, determined to pierce their centre by the bayonet. Orders were extended to file to the right, and take position in the rear of the hacienda for the purpose of establishing a new line. The left wing of our regiment, not hearing the order, and seeing the right wing filing off, supposing the latter had come to the conclusion that 'discretion was the better part of valor' had fled. The officers of the left wing shouting loudly to their command to stand, 'or die in their tracks,' while the subalterns swore like 'our army in Flanders,' that they would never leave the field alive. The command was extended however, and soon the left wing filed off—Here, a new line was formed, the Palmettos being the base, and again we were ordered to advance. By this time we were encircled on three sides by a blood thirsty foe who were pouring a terrible—oh, how terrible,—a fire upon us, which was committing sad havoc in our ranks. So terrible and so deadly was it, that the other Regiment composing our Brigade, adopted Falstaff's plan to get out of it, and either 'played dead,' or showed us the color of their pants under their coat tails. General Shields then turned to us, and in a tone of voice which betrayed deep emotion, said: 'Palmettos I have every confidence in your gallantry! who will follow me?' Our beloved Colonel stepped up, and after raising his cap, proudly replied,—'General, every South Carolinian here will follow you to the death.' 'Aye, to the death,' responded Sergeant Brooks, and then followed a shout of defiance which made the very earth shake. Onward we marched, determined to do or die. Suddenly we were seen to falter, and reel to and fro like drunken men. Then came a cry, Butler is killed! Butler is killed! God help us now, said my right man to me, to which I solemnly and from my heart replied, 'Amen.' Oh, this was a trying moment.—Standing in the centre of six thousand cruel and blood thirsty foes, ourselves numbering scarce two hundred, we suddenly lost our head, our father, and for the moment felt that we were orphans indeed.—Our arms became nerveless, our heart's blood chilled, while tears, aye, scalding tears, coursed their way down our powder blackened cheeks. Colonel Dickinson had been previously wounded, and was consequently disabled.

The eagle eye of Gen. Shields—what a pity that he is now fighting against us—soon saw the effect produced by the fall of Butler. Dashing up the line he exclaimed, 'Palmettos, you have lost your Colonel—avenge his death!'

An unearthly yell followed, and with firm hands and steady arms we grasped our muskets, muttering curses of vengeance, with clinched teeth. 'Right—Dress—Forward—Charge,'—followed each other in rapid succession. With a bound we dashed on, 'hurling our ranks of living steel in the face of a now astonished and panic stricken foe.' 'It was but the work of a moment—a shout—a shriek—and all was over—the enemy were flying in all directions, like broken fragments of angry clouds, rent in sunder by the breath of the storm fiend.' With, and by the help of God, with no flag save that of our own green Palmetto waving over us, did two hundred 'Palmetto Boys,' after a deadly struggle of near three hours, defeat and put to flight more than ten times their number. In the joy of that moment we forgot our dead and dying, and made the welkin ring with our shouts. Just then we heard shouts ascending from Twiggs' and Worth's division, and then we knew that the battle of Churubusco had been fought and won, and victory, for the fifth time, that day, was perched upon the American flag.

As soon as we forced our lines, Harney, with his dragoons, came thundering down the road that led to the city. As they dashed past us they gave three cheers for the 'South Carolina Regiment,' and soon were among the flying foe. Then they cried 'havoc, and let loose the dogs of war' upon the enemy, and soon their blades were red with human gore. With light hearts we turned our backs upon them to retrace our steps. Then it was that the stern realities of a battle field burst upon our view. One hundred and thirty-seven of our brave comrades, who had risen with us at the tap of the drum that morning, and who joined with us in shouts of victory at Contreras, were now stretched upon the field, some cold and stiff, others dying, and others terribly mangled.

There lay the noble form of the immortal Butler 'with his back to the field, and his feet to the foe.' Here lay Adams, cold in death with a smile upon his handsome countenance. Farther on lay Clark, surrounded by the remnant of his command, who were vainly striving to keep alive the vital spark which was still retained in him. On every side were our mess-mates, our boon companions and our comrades. It would be a labor of love, to tell of the deeds of daring performed by my brave comrades, each and every one of them, but I leave this to abler pens than mine.

Southern Guardian.

THE DEAD SEA.

It is not mere fancy that has clothed the Dead Sea in gloom. The desolate shores, with scarcely a green thing in sight, and scattered over with black stones and ragged drift-wood, form a fitting frame for the dark sluggish waters, covered with a perpetual mist, and breaking in slow heavy, sepulchral-toned waves upon the beach. It seems as if yet the smoke of the wicked cities was ascending up to heaven, and as if the moan of their fearful sorrow would never leave that God-smitten valley. It is a strange thing to see those waves, not dancing along and sparkling in the sun, as other waves do, but moving with measured melancholy, and sending to the ear, as they break languidly upon the rock, only doleful sounds. This is, no doubt, owing to the great heaviness of the water, a fact well known, and which we amply verified in the usual way, for on attempting to swim, we went floating about like empty casks. This experiment was more satisfactory in its progress than in its results, which were a very unctuous skin, and a most pestiferous stinging of every nerve, as if we had been flagrantly beaten with nettles. Nor was the water we took into our mouths a whit less vile than the most nauseous drugs of the apothecary. That fish cannot live in this strong solution of bitumen and salt is too obvious to need proof; but to say that birds cannot fly over it and live, is one of the exaggerations of travelers, who perhaps were like ourselves, so fortunate as to see a flock of ducks quietly reposing on the water in apparently perfect health. And yet this was all the life we did see. The whole valley was one seething cauldron, under more than a tropical sun. God-forsaken and man-forsaken, no green thing grows within it, and it remains to this day as striking a monument of God's fearful judgments, as when the fire from heaven devoured the mighty cities of the plain.—*Correspondence of the Presbyterian.*

A CHICAGO TRANSACTION.—Illustrative of Chicago life we can vouch for the following as true in every particular. A produce operator from Watertown (N. Y.) watching the signs of the times and arguing that when wheat was down to sixty cents and corn thirty five to forty in Chicago, they could not get much lower, went to the grain city and invested his pile, some $30,000, all in 'stub-tail' corn. This corn is last year's Illinois growth, and is called stub-tail because about one-third of it is rotten, fit for nothing but to make rot gut whiskey. He bought it at a very low figure and had it all put into one pile in a big warehouse, where it was to wait a 'rise;' several days elapsed and there was no inquiry for 'stub-tail.' He played billiards, rode around the city, and occasionally took a 'nipper' by way of keeping his courage up.

At length he was informed that his corn was *heating*. He examined the pile and found it 'hot as *hades*.' Supposing it was all up with him he went off on a 'bender,' and for thirty days he did not know stub-tail from A No 1 corn. At length he blowed out, cooled off, and upon examining his corn again found that it had cooled off also, and without damaging it a whit. He opened his eyes to the market reports and found his corn had so risen in price that he found no difficulty in selling it at a good round profit of *eleven thousand eight hundred dollars*. Had he remained sober he probably would have sold it at sacrifice. So much for a Chicago spree. No wonder with such luck that the operators in that fast town should occasionally imbibe.

Cleaveland Plaindealer.

AN AMUSING SPEECH.

An Eastern paper gives the following as the recent speech of an involuntary candidate for Congress. We suppress the name of the speaker and of the theatre of his eloquence:

'Gentlemen, I have a very bad cold, and my lungs are affected. I have been to New York on business, and when I returned I was indignant at seeing my name posted with others to speak. Yes, I was almost indignant. I am no public speaker. The nomination was thrust upon me. You are a good looking set of men. I was pleased when walking down this road to see your houses. They are a good deal better than the huts in the South.'

[Here the speaker broke down, and turned round to Elder Peck in dismay. The Elder gave him a nudge, and though evidently scared, he went on.]

'I have seen a black woman on a plantation in the South, holding a plough when it rained.'

[Here he made an uneasy motion, as if his coat hurt him awfully under the arms, broke down again, and was about to retire, when the Elder gave him a wicked look, and he plucked up courage, and made one more effort.]

'There is Kansas ought to be taken care of. I know you must be tired after listening to my friends, and therefore I give away.'

[And he did give away.]

"GOT" THE PARSON.—Our excellent friend Parson W——, whilst walking along the street a few days since, met an 'old lady of color' with bottle in hand and mop in month. 'Ah Aunty,' said the good Parson, 'that dipping will be death of you some of these days.'

'Laws a-me, massa Parson,' replied Aunty, 'you be de fus Bap'st preacher dis old 'oman ever see 'posed to *dippin*'.'

The parson took the 'gist' kindly, and Aunty went her way, well satisfied with herself—and doubtless, the 'rest of mankind.'

THE MAMMOTH CAVE.

TERRIFIC ADVENTURE.

At the supposed end of what has always been considered the longest avenue of the Mammoth Cave, nine miles from its entrance, there is a pit, dark and deep and terrible, known as the Maelstrom. Tens of thousands have gazed into it with awe, while bengal-lights were thrown down it to make its fearful depths visible, but none ever had the daring to explore it. The celebrated guide Stephen, who was deemed insensible to fear, was offered six hundred dollars by the proprietors of the cave if he would descend to the bottom of it, but he shrank from the peril. A few years ago, a Tennessee professor, a learned and bold man, resolved to do what no one before him had dared to do, and making his arrangements with great care and precaution, he had himself lowered down by a strong rope a hundred feet, but, at that point, his courage failed him, and he called aloud to be drawn out. No human power could ever have induced him to repeat the appalling experiment.

A couple of weeks ago, however, a young gentleman of Louisville, whose nerves never trembled at mortal peril, being at the Mammoth Cave with Professor Wright of our city, and others, determined, no matter what the dangers and difficulties might be, to explore the depths of the Maelstrom. Mr. Proctor, the enterprising proprietor of the cave, sent to Nashville and procured a long rope of great strength expressly for the purpose. The rope and some necessary timbers were borne by the guides and others to the point of proposed exploration. The arrangements being soon completed, the rope with a heavy fragment of rock affixed to it, was let down and swung to and fro to dislodge any loose rocks that would be likely to fall at the touch. Several were thus dislodged, and the long continued reverberations, rising up like distant thunder from below, proclaimed the depth of the horrid chasm. Then the young hero of the occasion, with several hats drawn over his head to protect it as far as possible against any masses falling from above, and with a light in his hand and the rope fastened around his body, took his place over the awful pit and directed the half dozen men who held the rope, to let him down into the Cimmerian gloom.

We have heard from his own lips an account of his descent. Occasionally masses of earth and rock went whizzing past, but none struck him. Thirty or forty feet from the top, he saw a ledge, from which, as he judged by appearances, two or three avenues led off in different directions. About a hundred feet from the top, a cataract from the side of the pit went rushing down the abyss, and, as he descended by the side of the falling water and in the midst of the spray, he felt some apprehension that his light would be extinguished, but his care prevented this. He was landed at the bottom of the pit, a hundred and ninety feet from the top. He found it almost perfectly circular, about eighteen feet in diameter, with a small opening at one point, leading to a fine chamber of no great extent. He found on the floor beautiful specimens of black silex of immense size, vastly larger than were ever discovered in any other part of the mammoth cave, and also a multitude of exquisite formations as pure and white as virgin snow. Making himself heard, with great effort, by his friends, he at length asked them to pull him partly up, intending to stop on the way and explore a cave that he had observed opening about forty feet above the bottom of the pit. Reaching the mouth of that cave, he swung himself with much exertion into it, and, holding the end of the rope in his hand, he incautiously let it go, and it swung out, apparently beyond his reach.

The situation was a fearful one, and his friends above could do nothing for him. Soon however he made a hook of the end of his lamp, and, by extending himself as far over the verge as possible without falling, he succeeded in securing the rope. Fastening it to a rock, he followed the avenue 150 or 200 yards to a point where he found it blocked by an impassible avalanche of rock and earth. Returning to the mouth of this avenue, he beheld an almost exactly similar mouth of another on the opposite side of the pit, but, not being able to swing himself into it, he refastened the rope around his body, suspended himself again over the abyss, and shouted to his friends to raise him to the top. The pull was an exceedingly severe one, and the rope, being ill adjusted round his body gave him the most excruciating pain. But soon his pain was forgotten in a new and dreadful peril.

When he was 90 feet from the mouth of the pit and 100 from the bottom, swaying and swinging in mid-air, he heard rapid and excited words of horror and alarm above, and soon learned that the rope by which he was upheld had taken fire from the friction of the timber over which it passed. Several moments of awful suspense to those above, and still more awful to him below ensued. To them and him a fatal and instant catastrophe seemed inevitable. But the fire was extinguished with a bottle of water belonging to himself, and then the party above, though almost exhausted by their labors, succeeded in drawing him to the top. He was as calm and self-possessed as upon his entrance into the pit, but all of his companions, overcome by fatigue, sank down upon the ground, and his friend Professor Wright, from overexertion and excitement, fainted, and remained for a time insensible.

The young adventurer left his name carved in the depths of the Maelstrom—the name of the first and only person that ever gazed upon its mysteries.—*Louisville Journal, Sept.* 11.

FOUND HIS CROWN.

A young man, clad in homespun, was standing in Court street a few days since, devouring a doughnut, when he was accosted by one of half a dozen genteelly dressed city idlers with 'Just come down?' 'Yeas, guess I have; great place this, ain't it, yeou?' said the countryman. "'Tis so, bub, how's your marm?' asked the city buck, bent on sport with 'greeny.' 'Well, she's putty well; she sent me down here on business. 'She did, eh? What kind of business are you on?' Why she wanted me to come down to Boston, and look reound and find half a dozen of the biggest fules to edicate 'em, and I rather guess I've got my eye on them neow,' said the stranger, taking in the whole crowd at a glance. The next moment he had the edgestone to himself, where he

EAST INDIA COMPANY.

The extinction of this powerful and anomalous corporation, which has so long ruled an empire of a million and a half of square miles, and a population of more than a hundred and sixty millions, is one of the wonderful events of an era prolific of marvels in the political as well as the scientific world. Let us see what the East India Company has been, for, without such a retrospect, it is hard to realize that the omnipotent fiat of British Parliament can cause such a colossal body to disappear like a pebble cast into the ocean, without creating so much as a ripple on the surface of events.

The government of India, which is now, by act of parliament, vested directly and exclusively in the British Crown, was exercised, up to the passage of that act, by the Court of Directors and Board of Control of the East India Company. This body was elected by the stockholders, who met once in three months, in general council. The possession of $5,000 worth of stock entitled the holder to one vote; $15,000 two; $30,000 three, of and $50,000 four. The whole number of votes last year was estimated at about 2600. The employees of the company, civil, clerical, medical, military and naval, comprised nine or ten thousand persons. The salaries of the officers were of a princely character. The Governor General received one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, besides perquisites amounting to $200,000; the members of the Governor's Council about $50,000, each; law judges $15,000, Collectors and Magistrates $6,000 to $10,000. The Sepoy soldiers, who have of late appeared to entertain the idea that the government of India was not conducted altogether on the system of fair play and equal justice, received five and a half pence per day.

The money capital of the company has been set down at eighty millions of dollars, and its annual revenues at one hundred and thirty-five millions. Its annual income from the land tax alone, which was the most productive of its revenues, was $75,000,000. It enjoyed a monopoly of the revenue from the opium trade, a traffic transcending in iniquity and misery, all the horrors of the slave trade. Opium is in India what Cotton is in South Carolina, the best business, and wherever it will grow the native population cultivate it, whilst the East India Company have reaped the profits. The opium export duties at Bombay amounted in 1846 to $5,000,000, and at Calcutta 15,000, since which time, it is said, they have vastly increased. Of this abominable traffic, Capt. Elliott, of the British navy, very justly remarked, "I see little to choose between it and piracy; and it is rapidly staining the British character with the deepest disgrace."

The latter days of the East India Company were distinguished by unusual activity and apparent success in the exercise of their great principle of territorial aggrandizement. During the single administration of Marquis Dalhousie, the company annexed the Punjaub, Pegu, Nagpore, Oude, Satarrah, Shousi, Hyderabad, comprizing a vast empire, and adding more than twenty-one millions of dollars. This wholesale annexation has no doubt added its influence to the disturbing causes which precipitated the Indian rebellion.

The military force of the East India Company before the late mutiny, amounted to 300,000 men, mostly native soldiers. Railroads had been extended over the whole extent of the empire and more than four thousand miles of the electric telegraph are in operation. The material development of the country was making rapid progress when the late outbreak began. Indeed, some of the best practical talent of England had been enlisted in the service of the East India Company. Its topographical engineers have been among the most skillful and efficient in the world; and its armies have furnished schools for the best generals of England. The conduct of its military leaders in the Indian mutiny completely redeemed the martial reputation of England, which had sunk apparently beyond redemption in the Crimea war.

We are not sorry, however, to see the East India Company pass away. It has under its control one of the richest portions of the earth's surface, embracing every variety of soil and climate, producing the cereals of the North and the tropical fruits of the South, and it has converted it into a vast poison manufactory, and forced the accursed product upon China with the sword, just to cram its own pockets with unholy gains. It has had nearly two hundred millions of the barbarians under it tutelage, and what has it done for them? All the world knows what it has done for itself, but the good of the native population has been the least of its object, if indeed it was an object at all, in the government of India. It has not feared to permit its revenues to be forced from the miserable peasantry by the use of torture, but it has feared to put the Christian religion on an equality with that of the Hindoo, and has absolutely imposed penalties upon converts to Christianity. The Hindoos, who are men of acute intellect, naturally concluded that these men had no faith in their own religion, and therefore, the East India Company has proved in effect the greatest Heathen Missionary Society that the world ever saw. And whilst it has been pursuing its anti-Christian, money grabbing, native torturing, opium-raising, land-stealing career, its emissaries in England and America have been making war upon the Southern States, whom it hoped to rival in cotton-planting, and denouncing the wickedness of slavery and of territorial aggrandizement! Well, it has passed away, and may we never look upon its like again. The government directed by the Queen may be better for the interests of humanity; it can scarcely be worse.—*Rich. Dispatch.*

DR. BAUMBACK in his travels on the cape of Good Hope says: I found very frequently among the Dutch Boors of the back country, *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral*, which they keep hung up by a thong around the neck of the bottle to a peg over their hammocks. Indeed this seems to be their sole protection against the throat and lung disorders which are quite prevalent among them. I thought it a speaking comment on the practical genius of the American people, that they should furnish the staple, I believe the only remedy this people buy to use. Asking if they used the same manufacturer's Pills, they told me that better purgatives grew all around them than any body could prepare.

DEMOCRATIC INCREASE.—The Democrats of Maine polled 39,080 votes for Buchanan in 1856. At the recent election, Smith (Dem.) had 51,103 votes for Governor.—

DUEL NEAR RICHMOND, VA.

To the Editor of the Richmond South:

The communication below was prepared according to date, the day after the meeting between Messrs. Wise and Clemens.—It was, however, withheld for reasons satisfactory to myself. I now request its insertion.

I deem it unnecessary to make any addition or comments, as I do not think any can doubt the justification of Mr. Clemens in sending the challenge. The justification for his subsequent course, as that of myself, must be decided upon according to the facts as here submitted.

Very respectfully, C. IRVING.

A CARD.

RICHMOND, 18th Sept., 1858.

Having heard various rumors with reference to the difficulty between the Hon. Sherrard Clemens and O. Jennings Wise, Esq., and, conceding the justice of criticism upon the seconds in allowing the exchange of four shots, *in the absence of a knowledge of facts*, I deem it but proper to give the public those facts, and to allow them to decide upon whom rests the responsibility of the result.

On the 16th of September at the request of Mr. Clemens, I delivered to Mr. O. J. Wise a challenge, which was accepted, and for arrangements I was referred to Mr. T. P. Chisman. The Challenge was based upon an editorial in the *Enquirer*, which Mr. Clemens regarded as a deliberate insult. By arrangement, the parties were to meet at or near sunrise, at the Fairfield Race Course, on Friday, the 17th, and both parties had the liberty of selecting one outside friend in addition to a surgeon. Before the hour fixed the parties were on the field. Mr. Pryor was requested by Mr. Clemens to go with him, and consented to do so, with the understanding that he would have no connection with the matter whatever, and that he might be useful in the event of Mr. Clemens being wounded, or to effect an accommodation. Mr. George Ritchie was upon the field as the outside friend of Mr. Wise, accompanied by Dr. ——— as surgeon. Dr. ——— was the surgeon of Mr. Clemens. As soon as convenient, and without any proposition of amicable adjustment by the friends of either party, the distance (ten paces) was measured by the seconds, and the pistols loaded. Before rehearsing the word as to be given, the principals were brought together, each exchanging the ordinary salutations. They were then put in position and weapons handed them. Mr Irving, who had won the word, then gave it in the usual manner, whereupon both principals fired deliberately, but without effect. Mr. Pryor then came forward, and, remarking that both gentlemen had vindicated their honor, asked if the affair could not be settled without proceeding farther. Mr. Irving replied that he desired an adjustment if consistent with the honor of Mr. Clemens, and, as evidence of that feeling, he withdrew the challenge for the time. Mr. Chisman asked to see Mr. Wise, and returned with the reply from Mr. Wise that if the challenge was withdrawn, and Mr. Clemens satisfied, it was all right, and that they would leave the field, but, if withdrawn for explanation, Mr. Wise declined all explanations of his article, as he honestly believed every word of it. Mr. Irving then said that as explanations were refused, Mr. Clemens had no honorable option but to demand another fire, and the seconds proceeded to load. After the second fire without effect, Mr. Irving again withdrew the challenge, and proposed to refer the whole matter to the friends of the parties upon the field, and announced his entire readiness to abide their decision. This proposition was understood to meet the approval of both Mr. Ritchie, the outside friend of Mr. Wise, as also of his surgeon. It was, however, rejected by Mr. Wise.—Still desirous of adjusting the matter, and, from that feeling, disregarding *punctilio*, Mr. Irving requested Mr. Ritchie to ask Mr. Wise if no accommodation was possible. Mr. Ritchie returned, after conversing with Mr. Wise, and stated that there was none.

Mr. Irving then demanded the third fire, which was also without effect. Mr. Pryor then proposed the following terms of accommodation, which were read to Mr. Wise, who remarked in reply, that it was a matter for the seconds to decide. Mr. Chisman, the second of Mr. Wise, then declined to sign the paper. Here is the statement as drawn up by Mr. Pryor:

Messrs. Wise and Clemens having met and exchanged shots three times, in our opinion their honor is entirely vindicated, and we insist that they be withdrawn from the field by their seconds.

Accordingly they were withdrawn by their respective seconds.

This proposition was understood to have received the concurrence of both Mr. Wise's surgeon and Mr. Ritchie. After its rejection, Mr. Irving stated to Mr. Chisman that he withdrew Mr. Clemens from the field, and would appeal to the public; and that in so doing he intended no reflection upon him, but as a matter of course, would be willing to assume such responsibilities to others as might attach to such publication. The parties were preparing to leave the field, when Mr. Clemens, hearing the facts from his surgeon, and with the belief that the result of such publication would involve Mr. Irving in collision with Mr. Wise, came forward and protested against his withdrawal under such circumstances, and appealed to Mr. Irving to continue his services. After some conversation with Mr. Clemens, Mr. Irving agreed to continue as his friend, and the challenge was renewed.

The fourth fire being inevitable at this stage, Mr. Pryor stated in the presence of the other party, that the affair had gone far enough, and that he would not farther countenance the matter by his presence, and retired from the field.

On the fourth fire Mr. Clemens was shot through the thigh, and fell.

Such are the facts, which I am confident no friend of either party will contradict.—The public can decide upon whom rests the responsibility of this continued prosecution of the affair to so serious a result.—Whatever the consequences, I feel the consciousness of having done everything that a gentleman could do to accommodate the matter. Respectfully,

C. IRVING.

GOLD IN KANSAS.

ST. LOUIS, September 24.—The Wyandotte, Kansas, "Gazette" of the 18th inst., says that yesterday ten thousand dollars in gold dust arrived here from Pike's Peak. One man brought six thousand, the result of a few week's work.

☞ See third page.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

My attention having been called to the fact that there was no special premium for the best mill for crushing Chinese Sugar Cane in the published list of premiums, the first opportunity is taken to give notice that there will be a special premium awarded and sugar cane furnished at the Fair Grounds for testing the several Sugar Mills that will be exhibited at the next Annual Fair of the N. C. State Agricultural Society.

The amount of the premium cannot now be designated without calling a meeting of the Executive Committee; but as the omission to offer a special premium for a mill of as much importance as this was entirely accidental, the public may be well assured that the Executive Committee will make a liberal award.

The Sugar Mills and all other new and meritorious articles omitted in the regular premium list, will come under the head of Discretionary Premiums, which was purposely inserted in the regular premium list, so that every thing sent to the Fair might have a suitable award, although it may not be included in the premium list as published.

The press of this State is requested to publish this notice, and urge upon the Farmers, Mechanics and Manufacturers especially, and the people generally, the propriety of representing themselves in Raleigh on the 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d of ensuing October, and of all resolving most heartily to co-operate in making our next the most interesting and creditable Fair ever held in the State.

WILSON W. WHITAKER,
Sec. of Ex. Com.

Sept. 22, 1858.

SCENE IN A METROPOLITAN RAILROAD CAR.—Yesterday afternoon, as one of the cars of the Metropolitan Railroad rolled along its rails, a lady extensively befounced and expensively crinolined, beckoned to a polite conductor as it was passing West street, in order to take passage to the South end. Her robe was in a state of delicious newness; its tissue folds were hardly cold from the *modistas'* last artistic touch, and her attire altogether was got'en up evidently with a reckless regardlessness of expense. The car was only partly filled—one side sat herself at ease, with thought for her robe's intactness uppermost, and spread its voluminous flounces carefully to their natural amplitude. She cast her eyes at the conductor with an air of composure, *sang froid*, and self-collectedness.

'Conductor,' she asked in the blandest of manners and most mellifluous of tones, 'How many seats do I occupy?'

Taken by surprise, he glanced from one side to the other of her extended dress, and then at her. The lady's face was serenely interrogative.

'About four, I should think, madam,' he said, wondering what would come next. 'Here are twenty cents,' she said, dropping the dimes from her lavender kidded fingers into his extended palm. 'I do not wish to be disturbed.'

One would have thought the possibility of disturbing such a supreme embodiment of composure rather impossible; but having secured herself from the chance in spite of stares and whispers, the quadrupled fare passenger pursued her way happily and uncreasedly to her destination. It was a spectacle to admire. We commend her example to all ladies of similar balloonish dimensions.—*Boston Bee.*

BENNETT.—This personification of infamy, who on one occasion, in his own room, was compelled by us to write a contradiction or correction of his own infamous lies, is, we perceive, at his old tricks.—He says, in his paper of yesterday, that—

'It was proven that the five daily journals in Washington—the *Union*, the *Intelligencer*, the *States*, the *Globe*, and the *Star*—are all pensioners upon the Government receiving from half a million to a million per annum, for advertising, printing, &c., or in some roundabout way, just within the color of the law. Not one of these journals could live a week without this Government stipend, to which they have no more claim than the blind beggar who asks for alms in Broadway."

To far as the *States* is concerned, Bennett asserts what is a positive falsehood, and he does so knowingly. The *States* has not had one thousand dollars in Government patronage since it was established, eighteen months ago. Be careful, Bennett, or even the bending of your knees for mercy will not let you off so easily on another occasion.—*States.*

COMPLY WITH THE TERMS.

The following item concerning the decision in one of the courts in Indiana will strike every reflecting man as eminently just and correct. The merchant establishes his own prices, so does the farmer and carpenter. Then why not the printer also?

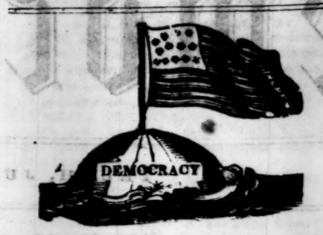
There is no necessity for chaffering or disputing over the printer's bill, after the work is executed. Pay up *according to the terms*, and close the account.—This way of doing work to the amount of the account rendered, and then be compelled to consume as much time and wear and tear of patience as to amount to the same or more, and *then* have to beg, tease and *wait* until the whole value or more is consumed—is——*rather* provoking, to say the least of it:

INTERESTING TO NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS.—One of the courts of the State of Indiana recently made a decision which is of interest to all newspaper proprietors throughout the Union. A controversy existed relative to a charge for advertising, between the Commissioner of Hamilton county and the Patriot newspaper. *It* was held by the Judge that "the published terms of newspapers constitute a contract. If work is given to newspaper publishers, without a special contract contravening the published terms, the publisher can charge and receive according to the terms so published. It is not necessary to prove what the work cost or was worth; the publishers have a right to fix the estimate value of their columns, and if so fixed, no other question need be asked, but the price thus charged can be recovered."

KILLING OF A PRIZE-FIGHTER.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 24.—George Mercer, an Englishman, and a cutter by trade, was killed in an amateur prize fight in this city last night by William Houston, another Englishman. There was but one witness present. They fought five rounds, on the first two, Houston fell, and on the other three Mercer fell, and did not rise from the last. His brain was congested. Houston is committed for examination today.

Democratic Pioneer.



J. B. GODWIN, ... Editor.

ELIZABETH CITY:

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1858.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.—See the advertisement of A. H. Lindsay, Esq. If not disposed of before that time, Sligo will be sold at public auction on Tuesday of the week of Currituck County Court.

As regards losses of money, they have been fearful with us of late, and were not the detectives of the post office in pursuit of the scoundrels, and hope to catch them, we would publish a statement of the places where the losses are principally from, and the amounts of the same. There must be some wonderful villains who have the handling of letters somewhere, and our hope is they may be caught, and have justice administered to them without the slightest admixture of mercy.—*New York Day Book.*

The same down here, Mr. Day Book.—The evil is intolerable, and it becomes the Department to use every means to ferret out the offenders. With due diligence, we think it can be done, and we sincerely hope, as we believe, that no effort will be spared.

JOHN W. FORNEY.

We published, in last week's issue of the *Pioneer*, an article from the Washington *Union* touching the declarations made in a recent speech by the notorious individual whose name appears at the head of this article. Forney professes to give the details of a conversation between Mr Buchanan and himself in which he plays the hero to a considerable extent, while poor old Buck is made to figure as a miserable, double dealing, treacherous, shuffling trickster. The *honesty* of the immaculate Forney is wonderfully shocked, his *morality* disgusted, his *virtue* indignant at the course proposed by his "old friend," and he forthwith grows eloquently severe and administers a rebuke, such as caused the old man to tremble in his shoes. The whole scene is graphically depicted, and one cannot read it without being led to exclaim, Moses! what a p-r-o-d i-g-i-o-u-s man is John W. Forney! "Shall we ever see his like again?"

We have no doubt the *Union* speaks true when it pronounces the whole thing a fabrication from beginning to end. It is the production of the corrupt heart of J. W. Forney, and in giving it to the world he publishes his own baseness. If it be true, how contemptible to every honorable man must be the retailing a private conversation had in one's own parlor. We had alway thought that, among *gentlemen*, communications made under such circumstances, were regarded as sacred, and to divulge them was not only considered reprehensible in the highest degree, but as subjecting the perpetrator to the scorn and loathing of honorable men. So far as Forney is concerned, it were all the same as true, and he will find that he is not an exception to the rule that makes him an object to be shunned and despised. Who can trust him in future? Will his black republican associates, *who have secrets to keep*, admit him to their private conferences, or will any *one* give him a confidence that may be in after days made to militate against them? He has confessed himself guilty of the baseness of divulging a "private conversation," and he need not be surprised if he finds, ere long, that he is

"As loathsome to himself as to mankind."

Our opponents are making themselves merry over these developments and chuckling at the prospect of capital against Mr. Buchanan, which they hold out.

John W Forney has become to be a marvelously proper man in their estimation, and they affect to receive the revelations that he has made as gospel truths. This pretended belief comes with a bad grace from men who have exhausted the vocabulary of abuse and vituperation in the vain attempt to find language sufficiently expressive of their detestation and abhorrence of the man. J. W. Forney would, according to the showing of these same individuals who are now bringing him forward as a creditable and truth-telling witness, have made a most admirable representative of his satanic majesty—a passable miniature devil—so deeply was he dyed in all the vices that go to make up the character of that distinguished and much dreaded individual.

Now we ask the question, were these representations made in good faith with a sincere belief in their truth? Was John W. Forney, in the eyes of these men, the character which they declared him to be? If so, can they now pretend to credit his testimony? If he was the rogue and rascal which they then charged, what has occurred to induce them to think better of him now? Has he professed to have been regenerated? has he ever manifested contrition for his past deeds of wickedness? Not that we have learned. If he lied then, is it too much to think that he is lying now? We have yet to find out that the greater the rascal the more worthy is he of credit, but this seems to be the principle upon which the assailants of Mr. Buchanan are acting, for if we give them credit for candor in their previous assaults upon his character, they will not deny that these, his last acts, are but little calculated to relieve it of the odium cast upon it. Then how can the baseless fabrications of this unprincipled charlatan be used to blacken the character of the venerable chief magistrate of this country? How can the unsupported testimony of a conceited demagogue be made to weigh against the reputation of a man whose long life has been passed amid the turbulent scenes of political warfare; who has played no unimportant part in many of the great events which have transpired in the last half century; who has occupied the proudest positions in the gift of a grateful country, and in them all has preserved an escutcheon spotless and unsullied? The slanders of J. W. Forney can never blemish or injure the reputation of James Buchanan.

THE RIGHT TALK.

"Kansas has refused the terms of admission, and already we hear it proposed to disregard the stipulation in respect to population, and admit her as a free State. It was this stipulation that commanded my vote; I know it commanded other votes. Many of us thought it best, all things considered, that Kansas should remain out of the Union for some time to come. And though we went for her admission under the Lecompton Constitution, if that failed we felt quite willing to see her excluded until she had population enough to give her at least one member of Congress. We entered into that bargain. We enacted our agreement into a law, and for one, I shall insist on carrying it out in good faith. When Kansas presents herself with a census fairly taken, showing that she has the representative population required, I shall vote to admit her, and I shall not do it before."

Thus speaks Senator Brown, of Mississippi, in a recent speech delivered by him, and we think that the opinion which he enunciates should be the opinion of the entire Democratic party. Kansas has declined to accept the terms of admission with a full knowledge of the consequences, and it is but fair that she should abide the decision which she has made. But apart from this, there is an obligation resting upon the party in power to see that the provisions of the bill under which this vote was taken be faithfully, and to the letter, carried out. There can be no question as to what the course of Southern men in Congress would have been, had they for a moment believed that, in the event of a rejection of the terms upon which Kansas was to come into the Union, the remaining portion of the English bill was to be repealed and Kansas received, whether she had the requisite population or not. They consentad to the compromise with an abiding faith in its entire fulfilment. They voted for it because the tendency was to remove the exciting question from the halls of Congress, no matter what the action of the people of Kansas might be. If the "proposition" was accepted, the difficulty was at an end; if it was refused, a petition for admittance could not be entertained until she could show the requisite population to entitle her to a representative in Congress. When this could be done, no farther opposition would be made to her admission. Thus the issue was supposed to be settled, and with it, the friends of Lecompton were satisfied. Now it is proposed to violate the provisions of the English bill, to repeal it, to upset the compromise, and once more to introduce discord and bitter sectional feelings in Congress, and to create in the public mind an excitement, even more violent than the last. The result of such a move to the Democratic party will be most disastrous, as it will again open the wound that has been healed, and be productive of dissensions and an accumulated amount of evil.

It is a trick of the enemy to divide us in view of the campaign of 1860, and it behooves every Democrat, North and South, to set his face against it. Judge Douglas favors it, but Judge Douglas is no friend of the Democratic party. Let the party beware.

A SUBJECT WORTH CONSIDERING.

The rapid approach of Winter induces us to offer a few suggestions to our town readers, with the hope that they may receive that attention which we believe they merit.

How many there are in our midst that usually employ their winter evenings in useless and frivolous amusements, and how very few devote them to what is really profitable and instructive, is known to more than ourself. We might speak of the manner in which too many pass the time so appropriate to mental enjoyment, and point out how it is wasted in pursuits that injure and demoralize; but this is not our purpose. We desire to invite attention to the subject, that the future may be improved. There are many ways to spend our leisure moments which, in the end, will be productive of good to ourselves, and advantageous to those around us.

Our town is destitute of such places of public resort as tend to improve the mind, elevate the morals, refine the taste, enlighten the understanding, impart information, and raise the standard of worth and excellence. The inclination of our young men is to find pleasure beyond their own firesides, and experience proves that the number of those of maturer years who set the example is by no means limited. The want of a place of rational and instructive amusement throws them upon their own resources for the means to employ the time, and how it is employed we do not care to enquire; suffice it to say that it is but little calculated to fit them for the stations which they are destined to fill, or are now filling. This hiatus in our community should be closed, and the manner of doing it is the question we present for consideration.

We see that in many of the smaller towns of our State public lectures are resorted to as a means of furnishing, not only amusement, but valuable and useful information to the people, and for the purpose of instilling into our young men high aspirations and noble resolves, of enducing them to a course of morality and virtue instead of vice and dissipation. Why cannot our community imitate these praiseworthy examples, and initiate a course of lectures for the season? We have those in our midst, to say nothing of outside assistance, fully equal to the task, and who, we doubt not, would readily consent to contribute their share to the public wants. We might mention W. F. Martin, John Pool, R. K. Speed, L. D. Starke, J. W. Hinton, and others, as gentlemen well qualified to entertain our citizens with [illegible] intellectual treats through the approach[ing] winter, and for one, we say, let them be called on.

For the better prosecution of this design, we would farther suggest the organization of a Club, and would propose a public meeting be called for the purpose. Who seconds the motion?

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

The Warrenton *News* offers a little advice to the next Legislature, to which that body will do well to give proper attention. The Democratic members have a duty to perform, and it becomes them to discharge it with an eye single to the public good, regardless of the sneers, association, or opposition of those whose business it will be to embarrass and clog their action. There are many important questions that will claim the consideration of the Legislature, involving a variety of interests and bringing different sections of the State in conflict. Difficulties will be in the way of a satisfactory and [illegible] adjustment of these perplexing questions in their settlement, the guiding star should be the welfare and prosperity of the people at large. If this be done, the honest and independent representative can go home to his constituents with a bold front and proudly defy the malicious attacks of his adversaries. If he has faithfully discharged the trusts confided to his keeping, and charged his duty to his State, and heart the preservation of her honor and her integrity, he may fearlessly invite the severest scrutiny and rely upon the verdict of "well done, good and faithful." A timid and hesitating course will not win the confidence of friends, and [illegible] and receive the contempt of enemies.

Let the Democracy march to the work before them with a firm step, a dauntless heart, and without a quail at the assaults of the opposition, and with a noble indifference to their will or power, carry it through to the finishing. A vacillating policy is always disgusting, and a trimmer is unworty the place he occupies. Honesty, boldness and independence are the characteristics of a good representative, and of such material we believe the present Democratic members of the Legislature to be composed. The results of their labors will establish the truth of this belief.

We are not left in doubt as to the action of the minority; the pronunciamento has been issued; the [illegible] developed, and the majority will prepare themselves for a vigorous opposition to every measure which the majority initiate. This should [illegible] determination of every Democrat to do his duty, and they may laugh at the [illegible] discomfited Know Nothings.

QUERY.

Can any one inform us what has become of the scheme to supply the steam engines? There was quite a large amount of money subscribed for this purpose, why has it not been appropriated as intended? [illegible] ing for another fire? Our people are much like the old man who refused to stop the leaks in his house in the summer because there was no necessity for it, as it was too wet to do it then; but when Let there be action in the matter, or we may have to repent our negligence.

☞ The Elenton *Express* [illegible] our article on the Farmers' [illegible]

We assure the Pioneer and [illegible] that we did not intend any personal reflection on those who manage the [illegible] our remarks. We are assured that [illegible] "*honorable* men," and we [illegible] bor misapprehended our meaning, the construction on our article [illegible] we criticised their *conduct* in [illegible] *their management of the bank* [illegible] only to the interest of our [illegible] bank should be able to pay [illegible] liabilities, but also to the [illegible] the State and to the State at [illegible] if we have given a severe blow [illegible] fer as an apology our desire that [illegible] should maintain her credit.

THE RELIEF CLUB.

Is it not time that this Club [illegible] organizing for the winter's [illegible] Their services will doubtless [illegible] and the quicker they prepare [illegible] better.

It rendered important aid [illegible] ing and needy poor during the [illegible] and if it would continue in [illegible] it must be up and doing [illegible] are charitable, and it only [illegible] effort to secure the means [illegible] raiment, and a cheerful fire [illegible] the helpless, and the destitute.

EDINBURGH REVIEW.—For [illegible] BLACKWOOD for September. [illegible] more than their usual variety [illegible] and interesting reading matter. [illegible] numbers are fully worth the price [illegible] entire volume.

We acknowledge the receipt of the SOUTHERN PLANTER for October, and fully recommend it to the farmers of [illegible] nity.

PETERSON'S BANK NOTE [illegible] The October number of this [illegible] cation is on our table, and [illegible] ery counting room in the land.

DEATH OF J. W. KERR.

The Christian *Sun*, printed [illegible] Va., announces the death of [illegible] ing, a citizen of that place, [illegible] was for a long time principal [illegible] line of steamers between [illegible] Plymouth, and at the time of [illegible] largely interested in the coast [illegible]

DEATH OF JOHN R. [illegible]

We regret to announce the death of J. E. DeFord, for many years [illegible] of this Town, and at one time [illegible] druggist. His death occurred [illegible] nab, Ga., of yellow fever, while [illegible]

THE RALEIGH STAR.

Messrs. Holden & Wilson [illegible] that they will issue the Raleigh [illegible] to subscribers tri-weekly during the session of the Legislature without extra charge. Those who desire to keep up with the doings of their representatives, should subscribe for the Standard.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. [illegible] Letcher for a copy of his [illegible] public expenditures.

ER FROM HARRY QUIZMAN TO HIS FATHER.

comply with the wish of Mr. Quiz- nd publish the following letter from tiful son," Harry :

FASTVILLE, October 4.

FATHER :—Your last request to en I left the old homestead, upon y tour of observation, was, that I chronicle faithfully for your eye er to me, seemed strange or won- With a wish to comply with so ble an exaction, and at the same nxious to afford you the pleasure of uaintance with some of the ways of ward world, I have seated myself task thus imposed.

have long known me to be afflicted, were pleased to term it, with an le curiosity, and much given to into all the little mysteries which d to the in-door doings of those me. For this you have never to chide me, insisting that it was nding the bounds of gentlemanly r and good breeding.

e remonstrated with you upon this nd argued that it was a commenda- rsuit after knowledge With a respect for your opinions, I could induced to abstain from fereting out ate affairs of my neighbors, believ- I did then, and as I do now, that justified in learning *all* we can, it appertains to other people or es. My short residence in this ore than convinces me that I have ed a becoming zeal in acquiring in- n, and that your notions upon the belong to the palmiest days of fo- rather than to a period as enlight- the present.

le here have reached the culmina- nt of delicacy and refinement, and atters touching polite manners and y of conduct, they are fully up to quirem nts of the age. It is here d as culpable ignorance not to be r with the household concerns of among whom you live, and to be without being able to answer, the of the last table talk at the house A., or the number of dishes which B. had at her yesterday's dining, or and Mrs. C. have not some little monial jars occasionally, or if Mrs. as not kept from Church on Sunday e her parsimonious lord would not her the indulgence of a new bonnet, Miss F. is not addicted to mending ngs and carrying her *own* clothes the washing tub to the ironing table, ll as making an application of the to the parlor floor before receiving er for an evening's conversation, ar- palpable idiocy. So you see that, to versant with the minute details of transactions and thoroughly versed private business of every body, does ly an impertinent inquisitiveness, ad supposed, but entitles one to be *exceedingly intelligent.*

ght relate to you a few facts to in- ou to abandon these antiquated no- which, here, would render you a subject for merriment.

Show-well Scanty indulges in occa- borrowing from her neighbor, Mrs. ier, and the servant is the agent to te these little loans. Mrs. High- ith a commendable ambition, skil- interrogates the servant of Mrs. , and thus possesses herself of a ttle budget of 'family secrets,' which to enliven the next meeting of the ies' Charitable Society." Can you he good results ?

dy acquaintance of mine in view neighbor's kitchen, examines with y glass the various dishes as they ansferred to the dining room, and simple and innocent process she is d to lecture upon the extravagance, ted furnishing, of her friend's table, edification of the members of the -Talk-much Club."

ght continue to enumerate instances tive of the blessings of this system uiring and dispensing information, feel assured that you are already per- to acknowledge your error and to the views of this progressive, and efined people. There are others of alse notions which I shall endeavor ove, but this I shall reserve for my

Your Dutiful Son,
HARRY QUIZMAN.

O CHILDREN CARRIED OFF A BALLOON—SAFE RETURN.

Friday last, a man, named Wilson, n ascension from the Fair Ground, ntralia, Ill , in a balloon belonging oks, the æronaut. He descended eighteen miles distant, at the farm r. Harvey. After the grappling iron een made fast, Harvey, to amuse his n—one a boy aged about four years, e other a girl of eight years—placed n the basket car, and permitted them end, several times, as high as the would allow. Unexpectedly, the ing iron slipped from the father's and the balloon, with its precious was wafted out of sight. As soon as possible, the whole neighboring y was placed on the alert to watch balloon and children.

urday morning, at daybreak, a farm- ar New Carthage, 43 miles distant Mr. Harvey's place, discovered the n suspended in the air, attached by appling-rope to a tree in his yard.— mmediately hauled the balloon down, and the youngest child asleep in the of the basket, and the eldest care- watching over her little brother.— had been wafted about by different ts of air throughout the night, and me to a halt but a little while before ere relieved.

story that the girl told was, that as lloon ascended, she cried piteously father to pull it down. She said ssed over a town where she saw a many people, to whom she likewise ed at the top of her voice. This was Centralia. The balloon was o pass over there, but the people lit- agined it carried two persons in such r. Her little brother cried with cold he heroic girl took off her apron, cov- him, and got him to sleep. In ng the ropes, she happened to pull hich had the effect of bringing the n down, and although not understan- he philosophy of the movement, she uite content to keep the valve open g as by so doing she found she ap- hed the earth. The youthful aerial ers were in the balloon about thirteen and a quarter.

e proprietor of the "Bee Hive" will n us for not inserting all his adver- ents. We will attend to them next

APPALLING CALAMITY.

Burning of the Steamer Austria—Five Hundred Lives Lost!!

HALIFAX, Sept 25.—Capt. Shaw of the bark Arabian, wh ch arrived this morning, reports that at seven o'clock on the morning of the 15th inst., he fell in with an iron screw steamer on fire, apparently of twelve hundred tons. She had a gilt crown eagle head, and a straight stem, head raked well forward, and her bottom had red paint on.

Her upper works were destroyed, and the wood work above and below was consumed. Her masts were gone and her sides were falling in. The funnel was laying on the starboard side, but its color could not be told. The Arabian passed round the stern of the steamer, but no name was distinguishable She is supposed to have been burning forty-eight hours. The Arabian sighted a brig four miles to leeward. Could not descry boats, or signs of sufferers in the istance.

SECOND DISPATCH.

HALIFAX, Sept. 27.—The bark Lotus from Liverpool arrived in Halifax harbor on Sunday afternoon with twelve of the sixty-seven surviving passengers of the steamship Austria, burnt at sea Sept 13th, in lat. 45.01, long. 41.30, taken from the bark Maurice on the 14th.

At a little after 2 o'clock on the 13th ulto., dense volumes of smoke burst from the after entrance of the steerage. The ship instantly put at half speed, at which she continued until the magazine exploded. The engineers, it is inferred, were instantly suffocated. Fire was next seen breaking through the lights amidships, and traveled aft with fearful rapidity.

Some persons let down a boat from the port side of the quarter deck, and she was thought to be crushed under the screw.—An attempt was made to launch a boat on the starboard side, but it was swamped from the numbers who rushed into it, and all were lost.

All the first cabin passengers were on the poop except a few gentlemen who must have been smothered in the smoking room. Many second cabin passengers were also on the poop, but a number of them got shut into their cabin by fire. Some of them were pulled up through the ventilator, but the greater number could not be extricated.

The last woman drawn up said there were six already suffocated. The ladies and gentlemen on the poop jumped into the sea by twos and threes, some of the ladies in flames. Several hesitated, but were driven to it at the last moment.

In half an hour not a soul was to be seen on the poop. The French bark Maurice, Capt. Ernest Bruce, came alongside the steamer at about 5 o'clock P. M. and rescued forty passengers, chiefly taken off the bowsprit.

A few were picked up floating around.—At about 8 o'clock one of the metalic boats came up with about 23 persons in it, including the first and third officers.

Afterwards three or four men were picked up floating on a piece of broken boat. The second officer was taken up, having been swimming for six hours.

He and the third officer were severely burt. One male passenger was burnt frightfully and some others slightly.—There were six women saved, three of whom were burnt.

A Norwegian bark came up with the steamer the next morning, and a boat was observed going around the burning ship.—They may have picked up a few persons, but only a few.

The Maurice had no communication with the Norwegian.

The Austria sailed from Hamburg Sept. 1st. with 49 men and women and 19 children in the 1st cabin; 103 men and women and 8 children in the 2d cabin; and 211 men and women and 30 children as steerage passengers—making in all 520. The crew consisted of about 100 persons; besides which she may have taken at Southampton some 50 or 60 extra steerage passengers, making in all about 550 or 600 souls.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The steamship Moses Taylor, with dates from San Francisco to the 5th inst., $1,600,000 in gold and 300 passengers, arrived this morning.

The State election has resulted in a Democratic (Administration) majority of from 6,000 to 10,000. The Legislature is largely Democratic.

San Francisco elected the "People's" ticket for local officers, and Republican members of the Legislature.

The news from Fraser River is unsatisfactory. The river was too high to admit of profitable working. Business was dull at Victoria. Property had depreciated; and a number of miners had returned to California.

Rich diggings had been found in Shasta county, California; some diggers realizing $100 daily.

A duel took place between Geo. Ten Johnson, administration editor, and Wm. S Ferguson, Ex-State Senator, (Douglasite.) The latter was shot in the thigh

The government had commenced suit in San Francisco for the new Almaden quicksilver mines, valued at many millions. It is charged that they are held under forged titles.

In the San Francisco markets a large advance had taken place in rice. Carolina rice had advanced 4 per cent. By a speculative movement, spirits of turpentine had advanced to 90.

A writer in the Washington Union says "there is something in the very looks of Mr. Buchanan which proclaims that in politics he knows no geographical distinctions." There is certainly something in his looks which proclaims that he knows very little of anything.—*Louisville Journal.*

Wit is wit; and no sensible man will be offended at a joke, even at his own expense. The Louisville Journal has a reputation for wit, but its jokes are often so charged with malice, as to deprive them of any point whatever. The above is of that character; and the language better fitted to the grog-shop, than the columns of a newspaper.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

THE THIRD DISTRICT, MAINE.—The Portland *Argus* says that it is pleased to learn that Col. Johnson, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Third District of Maine, is determined to investigate the Republican frauds at the election thoroughly, and to demand of the House of Representatives that justice be done in the premises. The *Argus* also claims positively the election of Bion Bradbury in the Sixth District by sixty-eight majority over Foster, (Rep.) the present member.

THE NORTH AND THE SOUTH.

The Boston "Post," a paper whose fairness and freedom from sectional bias, when discussing the relations of the North and the South, stands out in very remarkable relief, thus concludes a very long and interesting article:

"We have thus treated of a difficult and delicate subject, and we arrive at these general conclusions. The free whites at the South are individually more wealthy than their brethren at the North, though the wealth is undoubtedly in fewer hands, or is not so generally diffused as at the North. But so much of the wealth of the South being in lands, many of them worthless, and in negroes, the people have less money, less appearance of thrift, and less luxuries, than Northerners. They do not live as fast, and are more content, like Northern farmers, to have the comforts of life, and are not heaping upon themselves luxuries upon luxuries, like large numbers in this portion of the country.

"The wealth of the Southern States has increased rapidly within a few of the last years, as they have raised large crops of cotton, &c., for which they have received a great price, and as they control the cotton market of the world, there is reason to believe that their wealth will increase in years to come. And then the South has an immense amount of undeveloped wealth in the mines of Virginia and Missouri and other States; in numerous water falls, in commercial advantages through the great rivers and smaller ones; through the gulf and the ocean; in vast regions of land that may be restored to fertility, and in immense tracts of virgin soil, that have thus far remained untilled; so that, if she was compelled to become an independent republic, we know of no equal portion of the world that would be able to become more really independent of the rest of mankind. But we would not, for a moment, think of any such result, since we have before proved that the North was made for the South and the South for the North, and that the Union of these States should be one and indivisible.

"There have been changes in reference to the relations of the sections of this country; for when the constitution was formed, the population of the North and South were about equal; so were their commerce and manufacture. The result, in general, of these changes was, that the North outstripped the South in population and in the aggregate amount of her wealth, as well as all internal improvements. But now the South is waked up to defend her own interests. She is diligently building railroads and telegraphic lines, and is carrying on a general system of internal improvements. She is aroused to her own commercial advantages; she is improving her system of education, and is endeavoring to keep her capital at home to reward the industry of her own sons. It is evident that the tide has turned, and that the Southern States are to grow more rapidly both in population and in wealth, and also that there are to be great changes there during the coming half century, as well as in the North; and may we not hope that all the mutations there and here will promote, liberty and union, now and forever, one and inseparable?"

TRIAL OF A NEGRO FOR RAPE—THE NEGRO'S THROAT CUT.

[Correspondence of the South-Side Democrat.]

FARMVILLE, Va., Sept. 20th., 1858.—DEAR SIR:—To-day being the day for the meeting of the Cincinnati Court of Prince Edward—Judge Marshall presiding—a great crowd has assembled, to witness the trial of a negro man, charged with committing rape upon a Mrs. Gregory. To the disappointment of all, owing to the absence of important witnesses, the case was continued until next court. But while the sheriff was conveying the prisoner back to jail, the enraged husband rushed upon him with a large bowie knife, and cut a large wound on his throat, from the left ear around under the chin about five inches in length. Mr. G. was immediately arrested and confined to await his trial. The wound is not considered mortal, since, by chance, the knife missed the main artery. Much excitement prevails, for while the negro deserved it all, Gregory should have allowed the law to have its course.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

HALIFAX, Sept. 29.—To Cyrus W. Field, New York:—I bring instruments and regulations for testing and working on certain days, when the Valentia electricians will be particularly watchful for signals.

It is hoped, by establishing a system of unison between the two stations, to get signals through. The conductor is not broken. The defect is in the loss of insulation at two hundred and fifty miles from Valentia. It is possible, by sending a certain kind of electricity, to improve the insulations and thus overcome the difficulty for a time. From the nature of the defect, signals even at present may be received at Valentia from Newfoundfand, but not *vice versa.*

Everything will be done to restore the communication. Mr. Brett thinks the cable can be lifted and repaired. (Signed)

C. W. LUNDY, Ass't Electrician,
from the Valentia Office.

THE OFFICIAL RESULT IN MAINE.—The Kennebec Journal contains the complete official returns of the recent election in Maine. The republican majority for Governor is 8,842, while last year it was 11,-483. The democratic vote this year is increased 8,716, and the republican vote 6,-175. Both the doubtful Congressional districts prove republican. Foster's majority in the 6th being 137, and French's in the 3d being 56. This makes the delegation unanimous. The Legislature stands:—Senate, 31 republicans. House, 103 republicans, 43 democrats.

GAMBLING.—The Fayetteville *Observer* says: "We learn that at Chatham Superior Court, last week, there were upwards of fifty convictions for gambling. The Court (Judge Dick) fined the offenders from $20 to $25 each. Rather expensive sport, costing, in fines and fees, two or three thousand dollars. The office of Solicitor in that Circuit must pay well."

DIED,

In Columbia, Tyrrell Co., N. C., on Friday, 1st inst., Mr. THOMAS CARTWRIGHT, in the 36th year of his age.

The deceased, we learn, was a native of this County. His remains were brought to Elizabeth City for interment.

In this Town, on Sunday, the 3d inst., FRANK WOOD, infant son of George W. and Sarah E. Bell—aged 11 months and 21 days.

NEW YORK MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
SAWYER & WHEDBEE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
100 *Wall Street.*
NEW YORK, Sept. 30. 1858.

WHITE CORN—85 to 88 per bushel.
Yellow " 95 to 100 " "
Mixed, " 79 to 83 " "
White Wheat—130 to 145.
Red " 121 to 128
PORK—Mess $17.25
Prime, 13.75 a 14.
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits Turpentine. 51a52c. per gallon. No. 1. Rosin, $2.75 to $3.25 per Bbl. Common do. $1.74 and $1,75 per Bbl. Tar $2 28 per Bbl.,
COTTON—N. C. 13 to 13¼ per lb.
Texas, 13¾a14
Middling, 12⅝a12¾.
Middling Fair, 13½
WHITE BEANS—$1 40 to $1 50 bus.
Southern B. E. Peas—$1.75 per bag of 2 bushels.
BEES WAX—32 to 33c per lb.
VIRGINIA OATS—35 to 38c per bush.
HAY—per 100 lbs. 50 to 60c.
RICE—Per 100 lbs. $3 a 3¾.
WHISKEY—23 a per gal.
MEAL—per bbl 3 66 a 3 95.
FLAXSEED—per bush.
SHINGLES, 20 in bunch, cypress, $8a8½
" 2ft. " 1200a1500
" 30in. " 1800a2200

Very Respectfully,
SAWYER & WHEDBEE,
100 Wall St.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

I see in the *Pioneer*, of the 21st ult., a card from Geo. W. Brooks, W. H. Clark and D. D. Raper, three of the Directors of the Farmers' Bank, in which are misstatements calculated to deceive the public and do gross injustice to me, unless corrected.

I published in the *Sentinel* of the 18th ult., an advertisement of the "Rates of fare on the Stage from E. City to Norfolk, Va.," in which I stated that Farmers' Bank money, when taken for fare, would be subject to a deduction of 25 per cent. This is the offense which I have given, and which has so suddenly aroused the mighty wrath of these Bank officials.—In this large discount upon their money which I demanded, they saw danger threatened to the rickety institution over which they have the *honor* to preside, and hence these tears. In their card they state that the Bank has a judgment against me, for the payment of which they threaten me with the sheriff and an immediate sale of my property or that of my security. This is untrue; for they have no such judgment. They do have a judgment against *Hathaway & Co.*, obtained about the time they allege.—But soon after they obtained this judgement, I obtained one, for nearly the same amount, against one of the directors of the Bank at that time, which, according to an understanding between the Attorney of the Bank and myself, was to have gone towards the payment of that against Hathaway & Co., and the difference, whatever it might be, I was to pay as soon as it was ascertained and made known to me. This is the reason why it has not been paid long since, and Geo. W. Brooks knows it. I have been willing at any moment to pay the difference between these judgements, as soon as it was made known, and am now ready and willing to do so. It is a little singular that they did not state the amount of the judgement over which they make so much noise; but, I suppose, they would have the public infer that I was one of the two or three *favored ones* who have been permitted to monopolize their "shin-plasters" ever since their Bank was established. This is not the case, as I have never been so *unfortunate* as to be one of its favorites. The only crime which I have committed, against these sensitive Directors, is *shaving* Farmers' Bank money. But this was enough to kindle the flames of their indignation, and to hurl the thunderbolts of their puny wrath against my devoted head, for (tell it not in Elizabeth City nor in the streets of Greensboro'!) the Directors and stockholders of the Farmers' Bank *are shaving their own money* and I proposed to enter the list as a competitor!

Notwithstanding *their* opposition, I shall continue to *shave* their bills when opportunites offer. For it would indeed be hard, that I should be compelled to take their money at par, when to get clear of it. I would be forced to subject myself to a shave of *ten per cent.* and that too, from some avaricious stock-holder of the Farmers' Bank itself. I shall not do it; and if they wish me to act otherwise, they must do something to put their Bank in motion and restore their shattered and ship-wrecked credit.

M. D. HATHAWAY.
October 5, 1858-2t.

FOR SALE.



THE FAST SAILING YACHT *AMERICA*, 31 feet in length, on top, 10 feet beam, draws 2½ feet water. Warranted perfectly sound and in good order. Apply by letter or otherwise to

P. H. DOZIER,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

oc 5
Washington Times and Sentinel copy.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Elizabeth City, and those of Pasquotank, and the surrounding counties, that I am located in this City for the purpose of carrying on the PAINTING BUSINESS in all its branches—PAINTING, GLAZING, GILDING, GRAINING, &c., &c.

All persons having leaky roofs or leaks around chimneys, or ragged windows, can have them remedied by giving me a call, or leaving their orders at the Leigh House or at the City Hotel. All orders will be attended to with promptness and despatch.

The best references can be given.
Oct. 5—3t. I. I. GUY.

Silks—Silks—Silks!
AT THE BEE HIVE.

5000 YDS. elegant *High* Luster Black silks, at 62½ cts per yard,
5000 yds. Wide and superior quality, at 75 cts worth $1 25,
5,000 yds Extra width and quality, at 1 25,
1,000 yds. magnificent quality Rept., Brocaded, &c., Bayadere Stripes, prices from $1 to $3 per yard.

COLORED SILKS.
1,000 yds. Bayadere Stripes and Plaids at $1.
5,000 " very wide and splendid styles, at $1 75.

—ALSO—
Black and Colored Robes of magnificent style and quality, at a tremendous reduction.
CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!
Raglands and Circular Shawls, the newest style of goods in market in great variety.
The BEE HIVE is No. 57, Main street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. oc 5

CHEAP TABLE NAPKINS—Linen Table Napkins, Snow drop Pattern, for 12½ cents, at No 1 Market square.
may 11 T. F. OWENS.

NEW FALL GOODS.
T. F. OWENS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.
No. 1 *Market Square, Norfolk, Va.*

IS now receiving his supplies of new and fashionable Goods for the Fall and Winter of 1858—9.

Farmers and heads of families will find that they can save money by purchasing the following articles of him
No. 1 Sheeps Grey Cassinet for Negro Clothing
No 1 Kerseys, Cotton Osnaburgs
Striped and Plaid Osnaburg for women
Negro Blankets, Domestic Plaids
Blue Demins, Blue Drills
Red, White, Blue and Yellow Flannels
Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting and Shirting
Plaid Lindsays, Kentucky Jeans

Gentlemen will find that they can save money by purchasing the following articles of him
Black Cassimers, Fancy Cassimers
Sattinetts of all colours
Woolen Undershirts and Drawers
Bosoms and Collars, Linen and Marseilles
Silk Cravats and Neck Ties, Gloves
Linen and Silk *H*andkerchiefs

Ladies will find that they can save money by purchasing the following articles of him
*B*lack Silks, Black Alpacca
*B*lack Tamise Cloth
Byadere Cherbourgs, Florina Lustre
Cashmeres, Mouslin *De* Lains
*M*ourning Collars, Shawls, Cloaks
Expansion Skirts, Poplins, Byadere Valencias
Fine White Flannels, Linen *H*andkerchiefs
English and American Prints
Sack Flannels.
oct 5 T. F. OWENS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
CURRITUCK COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, A. D. 1858.

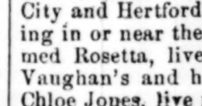
James B. Snowden vs. Alpheus Fanshaw. } Attachment.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendant, Alpheus Fanshaw, has not replevied the property levied on, according to Law, on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the "Democratic Pioneer" for six weeks, notifying the said Alpheus Fanshaw that he personally be and appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Currituck County, on the last Monday in November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said suit, or Judgment pro confesso will be taken against him.

Witness, J. W. BAXTER, Clerk of our said Court, at office in said County, September 20th, A. D. 1858.

J. W. BAXTER, C. C. C.
Sept. 28, 1858. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 8—6w.

$100 *REWARD!*



RANAWAY FROM THE subscriber, on Friday, 2d April, Negro Man, RIDDICK, who is about five feet eight inches in height, quite black, a great talker. and a Blacksmith by trade, is well known around Great Bridge and Deep Creek, in this State. Virginia, and Elizabeth City and Hertford, N. C. He is probably lurking in or near the latter places, as his wife, named Rosetta, lives in Elizabeth City, at Mr. Vaughan's and his parents, Dick Jordan and Chloe Jones, live near Hertford.

All persons are forewarned from employing or harboring Riddick, and Captains of Vessels are also forbid carrying him away, as the law will be rigidly enforced against any so doing.

The above reward will be given for the apprehension and safe delivery to me of the above named Negro, or his confinement in jail so that I may get him again. And $50 for testimony that will convict the person or persons, if white, before a Judge and jury, or $25, if of color, who may have harbored, concealed, or employed him.

RICHARD H. RAMSEY.
Deep Creek, Va., Sept. 28, 1858—3t.

FALL AND WINTER CAMPAIGN OF 1858.

WE WOULD SAY TO OUR FRIENDS and the public that we are fully prepared, with the best workmen and materials, to execute any orders in our line, such as Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, House and Ship Plumbing, Copper Work for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c., executed in the best manner, at shortest notice.

STOVES AND HOT AIR FURNACES of all kinds, put up in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

We also have on hand, and are manufacturing the largest and best assortments of all kinds of Copper, Tin, Brass, Sheet Iron and Japanned Ware, at Wholesale and Retail, lower than any other establishment in Virginia.

ETHEREAL AND COAL OILS, and LAMPS of all patterns for using it.

Force, Deep Well and Cistern PUMPS. Block Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Bar and Sheet Lead, Copper, &c.

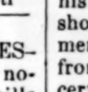
We would solicit an examination of our Stock. Having extended our Stores and largely increased our facilities with the experience of 20 years of the Senior Partner, and all the advantages that can be derived from new improvements, in machinery, &c., we are enabled to compare favorably with any house North or South.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.
WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, JR. & CO.,
se 28 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

PROFESSIONAL.—I HAVE LEFT MY papers and business in the hands of E. C. HINES, to whom my clients are referred; and with whom they can confer, in relation to all matters formerly entrusted to my care.

R. R. HEATH.
Sept. 18. 1858. 8—4w.

FOR SALE.



I HAVE A GOOD STOCK OF GROCERIES on hand, and will sell as cheap as can be bought in this place, and take Farmers' Bank money at par and give change when required.

Also, I have several HOUSES and LOTS that I will sell at 5 per cent. less than their value, and take Farmers' Bank money.

WM. SHANNON.
Sept. 28, 1858. tf

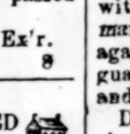
NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE Estate of Peter Copes, dec'd., are hereby notified to make immediate payment, or their bills will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection; and all persons having claims against the estate of said dec'd, to present the same for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

W. W. KENNEDY, Ex'r.
Sept. 28, 1858. 8—tf.

NOTICE.

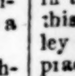
FOR SALE, THE SCHR. J. S. MILLSON.



ONE HALF of THE ABOVE named Schooner is for sale, and if not sold privately before the first Monday in December next, will on that day, be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION. Said vessel is in good order, having lately passed through a thorough repair.

W. W. KENNEDY, Ex'r.
Eliz. City, Sept. 28, 1858. 8

NOTICE.



THE PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, in Gatesville, N. C., having recently come into my hands, as Trustee, by the death of the late Proprietor, (Mr. Jacob Alphin,) I shall continue the business, during this year, which I hope to share a liberal patronage.

The property is also for sale. Persons wishing to purchase will please apply to

S. W. WORRELL,
Gatesville, N. C.
Sept. 28, 1858—3m. 8

"TIN WARE."

WE WOULD SAY TO OUR CUSTOMERS and the public that we have on hand and are manufacturing the largest and best stock of Tin and Japanned Ware ever before exhibited in this market. Country merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. D. ROBERTS, JR. & CO.,
se 28 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

CARD.

T. G. VAUGHAN RESPECTFULLY OFfers his services as an auctioneer and solicits the patronage of the public. Any consignments to him will be punctually attended to, and due returns made after sale.

THOS. G. VAUGHAN.
Gatesville, N. C. June 2, 1857.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.
DOCTOR JOHNSTON,

THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Strictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs. Affecti ns of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those serious and melancholy Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroy both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue.—Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged; the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, &c.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind. were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to 'that bourne from whence no traveler returns.' To such therefore Dr. Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgencies and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects upon the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings of Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health. Losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All Impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, or exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Doctor Johnston.

Young Men,

Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospects hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

OFFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST., *Baltimore, Md.*
ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last 16 years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J. witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician.

DR. JOHNSTON is the only regular Physician advertising to cure private complaints.—His remedies and treatment are entirely unknown to others. Prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, the Blockley of Philadelphia, &c., and a more extensive practice than any other Physician in the world. His many wonderful cures and most important Surgical operations are a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Those who wish to be speedily and effectually relieved, should shun the numerous trifling imposters, who only ruin their health, and apply to him.

Take Notice.

There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as Physicians, ruining the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

No letters received unless post-paid, and containing a stamp to use on the reply.

Jan. 6. 1858—1y:p.

NOTICE.—All persons who left Watches Clocks, or Jewelry at the store of F. M. Cook, before January 1st, 1858, are requested to call for them at once.

mh 2 J. M. MATHEWS, As't.

Norfolk Steam Ornamental, Wrought and Cast Iron Rail Works,



NO. 11 WIDE WATER STREET.

THIS establishment is now under successful operation, the proprietor having erected new buildings for the manufacture of the above work, with the most modern improvements in machinery for facilitating and perfecting the manufacture of

IRON RAILINGS

for Cemeteries, Fronts of Houses, Garden Enclosures, Balconies, &c. Having on hand the greatest variety of *new* and *elegant* patterns, adapted to every taste.

We respectfully solicit our Carolina friends to send us their orders instead of sending them to the North. We pledge ourselves to execute them with neatness and dispatch, and as low as any other establishment, North or South.

SAM. H. HODGES & CO,
Norfolk, Va., April 13, 1858—1y.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS COMPANY, NORFOLK, VA.

ARE prepared to execute promptly orders to any extent for
CASTINGS
FORGINGS,
BOILERS
ENGINES
And all other Machinery. Long experience combined with the most improved tools, machinery, as well as greatly enlarged facilities enable this Company to compete with similar establishments North or South.

Orders directed to "Atlantic Iron Works Company, Norfolk, Va.," will receive strict attention.

The highest Cash price paid for old Iron, Brass, Copper, &c.

G. H. DAVIDS, Superintendent.
DIRECTORS—Sam'l H. Hodges, President, H. Chamberlaine, G. W. Farant. [ap 13

MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF GRANBY & MAIN STREETS, AND IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
NORFOLK, VA.

THE SUBSCRIBER MANUFACTURES to order and has constantly on hand, a large and superior assortment of *Italian* and *American* Marble
MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEAD PIECES, &c.
which he offers at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. Carving and every description of Lettering neatly executed.

Marble, Granite, Coping, Curbing, Flag stones, &c., furnished for building and other purposes. Satisfaction guarantied in every particular.

. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

JNO. D. COUPER.
April 27, 1858—1y.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN CURRITUCK COUNTY, N. C.

THE undersigned having removed from North Carolina, desires to sell his property at Sligo, in the County of Currituck. There are one hundred and ninety-two acres of Land (about thirty acres of which are cleared,) upon which are two Dwellings (one in excellent order) and all necessary out-houses. There also upon the premises two STORE-HOUSES, one of which is, a very large and substantial building, and the other, though not so large, in excellent order. Also, two large warehouses. These Houses are on the main road leading from Camden County to Currituck C. H., Norfolk, &c.; and are among the best stands for merchandising anywhere in the country—being besides, within two hundred yards of navigable water.

If this property is not disposed of at private sale before TUESDAY of the next County Court of Currituck, it will on that day be offered for sale to the highest bidder.

For further particulars, apply, by letter or person, to the subscriber at Deep Creek, Va.

A. H. LINDSAY.
Deep Creek, Va., June 22, 1858. } 46-tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
HERTFORD COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, A. D. 1858.

John H. Davidson vs. H. T. Brantly.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendant, H. T. Brantly, is a non-resident of this State, on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the "Democratic Pioneer" for six weeks, notifying the said H. T. Brantly that he personally be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Winton, on the fourth Monday of November next, then and there to answer, plead or demur to the said case, or judgment will be entered against him.

Witness, STARKEY S. HARRELL, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Winton, the 23d September, 1858.

S. S. HARRELL, C. C. C.
Sept. 28, 1858. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 8—

WRAPPINGS, Mantillas, Shawls,
Wrappings, Mantillas, Shawls
Wrappings, Mantillas, Shawls
Wrappings, Mantillas, Shawls
Dusters, Dusters, Dusters.
Double width White Berage at the Bee Hive, selling at tremendous bargains
Embroideries for almost nothing
Double Bands, Cambric and Swiss for 37½, 62, 75, 87, $1, and up to the finest imported.
The *Bee Hive* is under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk.

NEW GOODS, Calico Prints, New Goods, Calico Prints.
FIVE HUNDRED PIECES.
500 peices new style Callicoes, which are rushing off at 8 and 10 cents per yard, regular price 12½ cents. *Now is* the time to get a bargain, and the BEE HIVE is the place to find it. No 57 Main street, under Johnson's Hall.
jy 27 JAMES SMITH.

NOTICE.—MY WIFE, MILISCENT, having without cause left my bed and board, all persons are hereby notified not to credit her on my account, as no debts of any kind contracted by her will be paid by me. This Sept. 20th, 1858.

TIMOTHY GILBERT.
Sept. 27, 1858. 7—

FRESH ARRIVAL.

JUST received at the Roanoke Square Depot, a fresh supply of Roberts & Co's improved New World Cooking Stoves of all sizes. Persons wishing to obtain the best Stove in the country will please leave their orders at

W. D. ROBERTS, JR. & CO.,
Roanoke Square and Wide Water st.,
fe 16 Norfolk, Va.

ROBES AND ORGANDIES—BY THE YARD—A reduction of 25 per cent on our large assortment of Organdies by the yard and in Robes.
Berage Robes and Challeys, at a great bargain
60 pieces new styles fast colored Lawns at 12½ cts., worth 25 cts.
The Bee Hive is 37 Main street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. jy

NOTICE.—I HAVE NOW ON HAND a lot of LIME, which I will sell low for cash. All persons wanting lime will call on me or James S. Cartwright. Also, a lot of HAY, which I will sell low for cash. Those who want HAY will call on me at Daniel Richardson's store.

jul 6 B. T. MILLER, A.

CRAPE BAREGES.—Black Crape Bareges at 25 cents per yard, at the Bee Hive. Barege and Chally side Robes, magnificent goods, selling at a great sacrifice at the Bee Hive, Norfolk, Va. ju

FOR SALE.

THE FISHERY on Croatan, known as the "HAUL OVER," formerly the property of A. Anderson. Apply to G. F. Anderson, Norfolk Va., or to John Pool, E. City, N. C.
oct 15th, 1857.

EXTENSION SKIRTS at the BEE HIVE.
White and Colored Corsets at the BEE HIVE.
mh 16—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GIFTS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!!
SPLENDID GIFTS!
At 439 Chestnut St. The only Original Gift Book Store.

G. G. EVANS WOULD INFORM HIS friends and the public that his Star Gift Book Store and Publishing House is permanently established in Brown's splendid Iron Building, 439 Chestnut Street, two doors below Fifth, where the purchaser of each book, at the regular retail price, will receive one of the following gifts, valued at from 25 cents to $100:—

		Worth.
550	Patent English Lever Gold Watches,	$100 00 each.
550	Patent Anchor do. do.	50 00 "
400	Ladies' Gold Watches, 18k. cases,	35 00 "
600	Silver Hunting Watches, warranted,	15 00 "
500	Parlor Timepieces,	10 00 "
500	Cameo Sets, Ear Drops and Pins,	10 00 "
500	Ladies' Gold Bracelets, $5 to	12 00 "
500	Gents' Vest and Fob Chains,	10 00 "
1000	Gold Lockets, (large size double case,)	10 00 "
2000	Gold Lockets, (small size,)	3 00 "
1000	Gold Pencil Cases, with Gold Pens,	5 00 "
1000	Extra Gold Pens, with cases and holders,	2 50 "
2500	Gold Pencils, (Ladies',)	2 00 "
2500	Gold Pens, with Silver Pencils,	2 50 "
2500	Ladies' Gold Pens, with Cases and Holders,	1 50 "
6500	Gold Rings, (Ladies',)	1 00 "
2000	Gents' Gold Rings,	2 50 "
2500	Ladies' Gold Breastpins,	2 50 "
2500	Misses' Gold Breastpins,	1 50 "
3000	Pocket Knives,	1 00 "
2000	Sets Gents' Gold Bosom Studs,	2 50 "
2000	do. Sleeve Buttons,	2 50 "
2000	Pairs of Ladies' Ear Drops,	2 50 "
8000	Ladies' Pearl Card Cases,	5 00 "
15000	Ladies' Cameo, Jet, or Mosaic Pins,	5 00 "
2500	Ladies' Shawl and Ribbon Pins,	1 50 "
5000	Articles of Gold Jewelry, Gift Books, &c. &c., not enumerated in the above, worth from 25 cents to $25.	

Evans' new Catalogue, which is sent free to all parts of the country, contains all the most popular books of the day, and the newest publications, all of which will be sold as low as can be obtained at other stores.

Agents wanted in every town in the Union. Those desiring so to act, can obtain full particulars by addressing as above.

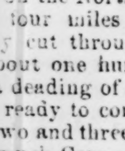
N. B.—Being largely interested in publishing books, and buying from other publishers in immense quantities, for cash, I am enabled to make larger discounts to Country Agents and Book Dealers than can be had at any other house in the country.

Any book published in the United States, the retail price of which is one dollar or upwards, will be promptly sent, Gift included, on receipt of publisher's prices.

An extra $1 Book and Gift given to any person ordering ten books to be sent to one address.

Send for a Catalogue. Address,
G. G. EVANS, Publisher,
439 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
August 24, 1858–3m.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.



WISHING TO STOP FARMING, I offer for sale my two farms, "Woodlawn" and "Cumberland." The farm I live upon is situated on Perquimans river, in Harvey's Neck, and is in a fine state of cultivation, well adapted to the growth of Corn, Wheat and Cotton; has on it a good DWELLING and every necessary out-building. There is about THREE HUNDRED acres cleared, and a deading of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Acres, nearly all ditched and ready to come in. There is between eight and nine hundred acres of LAND attached to the farm; the portion not cleared is well set in pine, oak, gum, hickory, &c. I deem it unnecessary to say any more—those wishing to purchase a good and convenient farm will do well to come and examine the premises.

The other Farm is situated on the North side of Perquimans river, about four miles from Hertford, on the road recently cut through to Elizabeth City. There is about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and a deading of about sixty acres, all ditched and ready to come in. This farm contains between two and three hundred acres, and will yield as much Corn as any farm in the county. The buildings are not very good but comfortable. I will also sell stock and farming utensils on the farms.

A liberal credit will be given. Come and see.
B. J. SHANNONHOUSE.
Hertford, N. C., June 22, 1858–3m. 46—

FALL HARDWARE TRADE 1857.
DIRECT IMPORTATION.
ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,
HEAD OF THE SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE SAWS,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE receiving their Foreign and Domestic Hardware suited to the wholesale trade, which they offer at reduced prices, and upon as accommodating terms as any other establishment in the United States, such as

Ducking Guns, Sporting Guns, Boy's Double and Single Guns.
Log, Trace, Back Band, and Breast Chains.
Stewart, Mann's, Collins' and A. R. & C. superior long bit Axes.
C. S. Grub Hoes, Ames and other makes Shovel and Spades.
Rodgers & Wostenholm's Scutling, Vices, Bellows, Anvils.
With a large collection of HOUSE KEEPING articles.
Merchants and consumers are respectfully requested to call and examine
At the Hardware store,
Head of the Square,
Sign of the Saws.
sep 29 Norfolk, Va.

POPULAR MUSIC FOR THE PIANO.—The Virginia Washington Monument Grand March—25c.; Crotchet and Quaver Rondos, 25c; Shells of Ocean, 25c, Beautiful Sea, 25c, Willie we have missed you, 25c, La Varsovia, a dance, 25c, Annie Laurie, 12½c, Old Fashioned Cotillions, with appropriate figures, 25c, The Lancers Quadrilles, 25c, Rosalie the Prairie Flower, 25 cents.

The above, together with a very large stock of Music, on hand, for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.
N. B.—Any piece required, not on hand, can be procured in a few days. my 11

RICHMOND POTTERY.—SHERWOOD & YOUNG, Agents, have on hand a large assortment of Jars, Jugs, Churns, Butter Pans, Oyster Jars, Spittoons, Pitchers, &c., for sale at factory price. Liberal discount allowed on sums over Ten dollars.

In connection with the above, we are prepared to furnish ½ and ¼ gallon Jars, made expressly for fruits, with corks fitted to each. The attention of persons dealing in preserved fruits is called to them. Samples can be seen at our store, No. 14 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

HOUSE CARPENTERS.
ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,
Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware.**
Call and see us. dec 18

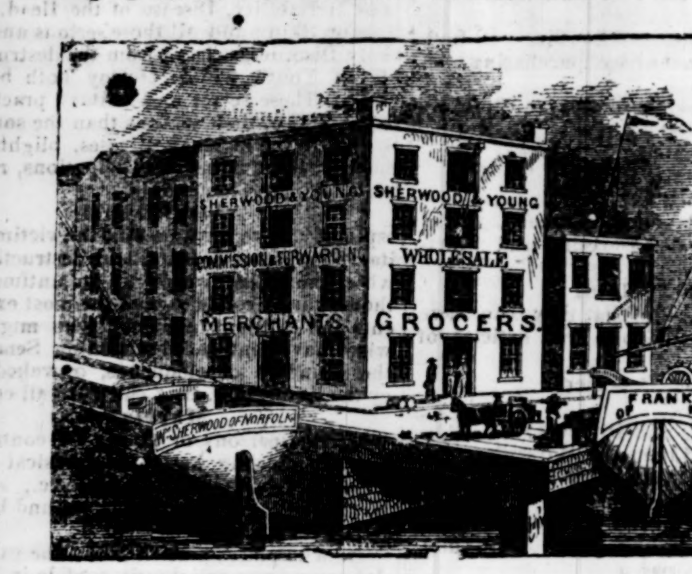
HARDWARE
SOUTHERN IMPORTING ESTABLISHMENT.
ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,
Head of the Square, Sign of the Saws.

ASK the attention of merchants of Virginia and North Carolina to their large and selected stock of HARDWARE, imported directly from Europe, and purchased from the most extensive manufacturers in this country, upon as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in the Northern or Eastern cities, and better adapted to the wants of the Southern public.
Norfolk, Sept 22

OLD CAST IRON.—I WISH TO PURchase 50 Tons of OLD CAST, for which I will pay the highest cash price.
S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS



AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA

WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

J. M. MATHEWS, WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER, has taken the Store formerly occupied by Col. W. G. Cook, dec'd., and recently by F. M. Cook, in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he will be pleased to see (as customers) his friends and the public generally.

He will keep constantly supplied, as Agent, with a good assortment of Clocks, Watches, Chains, Guards, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Rings, and all kinds of Jewelry.

He will have made to order any article in his line, viz: Engagement and Wedding Rings, of coin Gold, Spoons, &c.

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY repaired with promptness, and in workmanlike order. All Clock and Watch work warranted for one year.

ACCORDEONS repaired and tuned at the shortest notice.

The Cash will be required for all work or sales upon the delivery of the article.

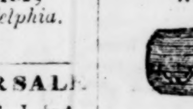
N. B.—The highest cash price given for old Gold and Silver.

☞ Sign of the Watch.
E. City, Feb. 16, 1858.

SPECTACLES, SPECTACLES & GLASSES
PATENT LEVER AND PLAIN WATCHES

REMOVAL.

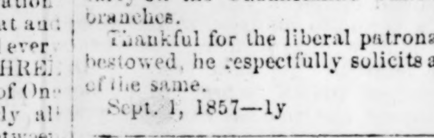
T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his "old stand" to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture any and every article of



FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,



of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good **HEARSE,** he is prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.
T. PARR.
Sept. 1, 1857—1y

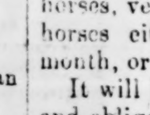
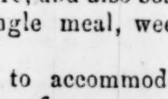
Sign of the Circular Saw.
ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS
HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE.

ARE OPENING their importation, *Birmingham manufacture*, a beautiful assortment of House Keeping Articles, such as
Coffee and Tea Pots, Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chafing Dishes,
Waiters in sets and dozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planished Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted bars,
All Brass Fenders, Polished Steel Shovel and Tongs, in setts or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles.

HEAVY GOODS.
Trace, Log and Back Band Chains,
Elwell's Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and Horse Shoe Nails,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws Cross Cut Saws,
Stocks and Dies Hammers, Screw Plates.

NOTICE.—THE HEAVY LOSSES which the subscriber has sustained by the fire on the night of the 21st, renders a call upon those indebted to him absolutely necessary. He sincerely hopes, therefore, that all persons owing him will promptly come forward and settle up. He will further state, that he has taken the new brick store adjoining Mr. S. Williams, and recently occupied by Mr. S. Weisel, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. The stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c., now on hand, *will be closed out at cost, for cash*, for the purpose of laying in an entire new assortment. Those in want of articles in his line will find it to their interest to give him a call.
T. D. KNOX.
E City, March 30th, 1858.

NOTICE.

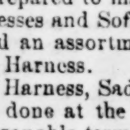

LIVERY STABLES.


I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c, for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

☞ Stables, on Road street, nearly opposite the old Bank.
CHAS. B. BROTHERS.
E City, July 14 1857.—tf.

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS



ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City, and surrounding country, that they are prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Mattresses and Sofas. They keep constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Sofas and Mattresses, done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Shop at the Stables of Mr. Charles Brothers.
MARTIN BURKE & BRO.
April 5, 1857—1y

PLOW IRON—
5 inches wide,
7 do do
8 do do
9 do do
10 do do
11 do do
12 do do
With a large cut, cut in shape for making Jack Dagon Plows. Send your orders to
S. MARCH.

COOK STOVES, COOK STOVES.

AT the Depot, Roanoke Square, you can buy a Stove that can be relied on, or in other words, it will not break in a week after you put it up—we have no auction goods. [fe 16

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING;
OR JERUSALEM AS IT WAS, AS IT IS, & AS IT IS TO BE.

BY DR. J. T. BARCLAY, Late Missionary to Jerusalem. With a Steel Portrait of the Author by Sartain. Also Chromographic Illuminations in ten oil colors, Periscopic Panorama of the entire Circuit of the City and Environs, explanatory Maps, &c., by Rosenthal. Steel Engravings by Sartain, J. C. Buttre, Dick and Earle. Finest Wood Engravings by Louderback & Hoffman and J. H. Byram.

The Engravings will be executed in the highest style of art, from Photographs and original designs illustrating the various phases of the City,—

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL, MODERN AND MILLENNIAL,

Also, Restoration of the Temple and City as invested by Titus.—Notices of its Jewish, Christian, and Heathen Antiquities—Its Present Political and Moral Condition—Future Prospects, &c.

This work is the result of investigations made during three and a half years' residence in the Holy City, with facilities for prosecuting researches never heretofore enjoyed. It was undertaken with special reference to the elucidation of the Holy Scriptures, the Talmud, the Works of Josephus, the Crusaders, and Pilgrim Chroniclers. The many valuable discoveries made in the Temple Enclosure, and other sacred localities, to which Dr. Barclay was admitted by *special* Firman, with permission to explore those hallowed spots, so jealously guarded for many centuries, and now for the first time presented to the Christian public, will introduce a new era in Sacred Topography.

Price $3 50—1 vol. 8 vo., for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
mh 23 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH,
CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING
WARE-ROOMS,
NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public, to his large and handsome assortment of
VELVET,
TAPESTRY,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS,
RUGGETS,
RUGS,
DOOR MATS, &c.,
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
—ALSO—

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shadss, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilts, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.
WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 2 No. 26, Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms. W. A. W.

JOB WORK.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL orders for any kind of
PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING,
that may be wanted in Pasquotank and the surrounding counties, on as
REASONABLE TERMS
as it can be done at any similar establishment
In this section of North Carolina.

HAND-BILLS,	CARDS,
BILLS OF LADING,	BLANKS,
POSTERS,	BILL HEADS,
WAY-BILLS,	CHECKS,
BALL TICKETS,	CIRCULARS, &c.,

Done with Neatness and Despatch.

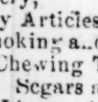
Any work handed to us will be done immediately, and in good style; and we hope that all our friends in need of anything that we can do, will give us a call.

☞ WORK done for persons in other places will be sent by mail, if desired.

*** For Jobs or Blanks, address or call on
J. B. GODWIN & CO.,
Corner of Main and Road Streets,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

P. S.—All orders from persons out of this county, must be accompanied by the CASH, together with 9 cts. for every quire of blanks ordered, if to be sent by mail.
March 23, 1858. J. B. G & CO.

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,



DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
EDENTON, N. C.
DEALER IN
Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and superior
Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

The orders of Physicians and Planters promptly filled with pure Medicines and on as moderate terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dixon's line.

☞ Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store, where he can always be found except when professionally engaged.
June 9, 1857—8ms

STOVES, HOT AIR FURNACES,
FIRE-PLACE STOVES,
RANGES, CAMBOOSES, &c., &c

OUR friends and the public generally are informed, that having largely increased our facilities, we are now prepared to supply promptly all articles embraced in our line, on usual terms, (wholesale and retail) at lowest prices to punctual customers. We name in part the justly celebrated New World Cook Stove, than which there is no better Cook Stove in the country—we have also for sale the Delaware Cook, Complete Cook, Enchantress, Fanny Forrester, Sunrise, Air-Tight, Morning Star, Globe, Bucks Patent, Pacific, &c.

Our assortment of Parlor, Store, Office and other Stoves is large and desirable.

We also offer to the public the Spiral Hot Air Furnace, which is so constructed as to present a very large radiating surface, without the least construction of draft, thus making it a great fuel saver, as well as an excellent heater.

Purchasers will find it decidedly to their advantage to examine our large and well selected stock before leaving their orders elsewhere.
WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
Wide Water street and Roanoke sq

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE this day (Jan. 8) associated with me in the Upholstering and Paper Hanging business, THEODORE A. WALTERS and WILLIAM BOOTH, Jr. The business will be conducted by the Junior partners, under the name of WM. A. WALTERS & CO.

A continuation of the patronage of my former customers, is most respectfully solicited for the new firm. **WM. A. WALTERS.**
Norfolk, Feb. 10, 1857.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,
The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of
School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous
BOOKS.
Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.
My Stock of Foreign and American
STATIONERY.
Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.
MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY
—NEW,—
and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston,	do.
James B. Smith & Co.,	do.
T. B. Peterson,	do.
Harper & Brothers,	New York.
D. Appleton & Co.,	do.
Robert Carter & Bros.,	do.
Charles Scribner,	do.
Derby & Jackson,	do.
Little, Brown & Co.,	Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co.,	do.
Ticknor & Fields,	do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co.,	do.
Gould & Lincoln,	do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!!

THE attention of Lawyers is called to the following list of VALUABLE LAW BOOKS, which are offered for sale exactly at the publisher's prices.

Reports of Decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States, with notes, and a digest, by Judge B. R. Curtis, 22 vols., $66.
Commentaries on Equity Jurisprudence, as administered in England and America, by Joseph Story, 2 vols., $11,
Story on Bills of Exchange, $5 50c,
Story on Agency, $5,
Parsons on Contracts, 2 vols., $11,
Phillips on Insurance, 2 vols, $10,
Story on Sales, $4 50c,
Daniels Chancery Pleading and Practice, 3 vols $12,
Parsons Mercantile Law, $5 50c,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Wheaton's International Law, $6,
Story on Conflict of Laws, $6 50c,
Walker's American Law, $5 50c,
Story's Equity Pleadings, $6,
Drake on Attachment, $4 50c,
Story on the Constitution, 2 vols., $7 50c,
Precedents of Indictments and Special Pleas, by Chas. R. Train and F. F. Herd, $4,
Story on Partnership, $5 50c,
Digest of the General Laws of the United States, with reference to the Acts repealed, supplied, or modified, &c., &c., by James Dunlop, $6 50
Story on Promissory Notes, $5 50c,
Bishop on Marriage and Divorce, $5,
Thornton on Conveyancing, 2nd edition, $4 50
Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, $4 50,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Bishop on Criminal Law, $5,
Angell on the Law of Carriers, $5 50c,
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 vols., $16 50c,
Angell and Ames on Corporations, $5 50c,
Hening and Munford's Reports, 4 vols., $20,
Tucker's Commentaries on the Laws of Virginia, $8,
Tates Analytical and Digested Index, 2 vols, $8
Hall's Digested Index to the Virginia Reports, $3,
Decisions of Cases in Virginia, by the High Court of Chancery, by Geo. Wythe, new edition, $4 50,
Sand's Suit in Equity, $4,
Mathews' Guide, $2 75c,
Tates' Form Book, new edition, by Sands, $1 25

The above with many other valuable works are for sale by
W. P. GRIFFITH.
feb 3 Norfolk, Va.

LARGE STOCK OF BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

VICKERY & COMPANY would respectfully inform the citizens of E. City and surrounding country that they have recently added to their previously extensive stock of Books and Stationery, and would call the attention of Merchants and others to the following list of stock which is offered at the lowest prices, and on the most reasonable terms—

PAGED BLANK BOOKS.

Ledgers,	Invoice Books,
Record Books,	Journals,
Blotters,	Order Books,
Day Books,	Receipt Books,
Check Books,	Cash Books,
Letter Books,	Bill Books.

The above are of different styles of binding, sizes and ruling. We also make up to order any kind or style of Blank Book our customers may wish.

LETTER AND WALLING PAPER.

Imperial Royal, Super Royal, Medium, Folio Post, Letter, Cap, Commercial, Note, Packet Post, Ladies' letter paper, ruled or plain, Wove or Laid of French and English manufacture.

SUNDRIES.

Gold Pens, Portfolios, Inkstands, Sealing Wax and Wafers, Steel Pens, Fancy Guild and Glazed Papers, Pad Blotters, Copying Presses, Copying Books, Memorandum Books, Note Paper, Blank Notes and Drafts, Books of Bills Lading, Sand Boxes, Sand Thermometers, Gummed Labels, Ivory Tablets, Water Colors, Ivory Folders, Porcelain Slates, Motto Seals, Letter Clips, Lead Pencils, &c., &c., &c.,

Together with every article usually found in a well ordered and arranged establishment.

N. B. From facilities offered this house, at the North, we are enabled to sell all articles in our line on the most liberal terms, and would therefore solicit the favor of a call to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
VICKERY & COMPANY,
ja 26 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

ENGLISH BOOKS.

W. P. GRIFFITH has recently received a very large supply of English Books, in every department of Literature, comprising History, Biography, Travels, Standard works of Fiction, &c., all of which are offered for sale at prices far below American publications.

My stock of Books is the largest in this City, and will compare favorably with any establishment in the South, all of which is offered at as low prices as any other house in the United States. If you wish to be convinced of the fact, come and see.

Libraries, Colleges, and Schools furnished upon the very best terms.

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention addressed to
W. P. GRIFFITH,
mh 2 Bookseller and Stationer, Norfolk.

A WOMAN'S THOUGHTS ABOUT WOMEN.

THE last and best work by the author of John Halifax, Gentleman—Price $1
CONTENTS.
Something to do—Self Dependence-Female Professions—Female Handicrafts—Female Servants Mistress of a Family—Female Friendship—Gossip—Women of the house—Happy and Unhappy Women—Last Women—Growing old.

The above with many other new and interesting books are for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
May 4th, 1858. City Book Store.

AGRICULTURAL.

'YOUNG AMERICA'
CORN AND COB MILL,
MANUFACTURED BY
S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the 'Little Giant,' 'Magic Mill,' Star Mill, Maynard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.
First premium at the Ohio State Fair.
First premium at the Michigan State Fair.
First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.
First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.
First premium at one County Fair in N. York.
First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.
Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America,	2 minutes and	40 seconds.
Little Giant,	4 "	55 "
Magic Mill,	6 "	

Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and durability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and of same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price.

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally, and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and impoverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally
S. MARCH,
dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular
AGRICULTURAL STORE,
is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters,
Plough and Plough Castings
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Trace and Log Chains, Hames,
Oat and Straw Cutters, various pattern
Grind-Stones, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c.
Rakes,
Machine Bands, Trace Leather,
Wheel Barrows, Grain Cradles,
Bramble Scythes and Handles,
Cotton Leading Lines, Butcher Saws,
Cleavers, Copper Nails, Wrenches,
Bench Screws,
Force and Chain Pumps, Lead Pipes,
Gum and Hemp Packing,
Oil feeders, Files (all kinds,)
Coffee Mills, Whetstones for Scythes,
Copper Rivits and Bans, Knob Stock,
Padd Locks, Hooks and Staples, Tacks,
Wire and Wire cloth, Blacksmith's Vices,
Sand and Emery Paper Gauging Rods and Rules
Also—

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to. Orders per mail will meet with strict attention.

Blacksmith's coal always on hand.
W. H. CLARK.
ap 19

IRON, STEEL, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale, at his Depot, No. 13, Water Street,
100 tons American, English and Swedes Iron from ⅜ to 12 inches wide and from ¼ to 4 inches round and square.
10 tons Oval half Oval and half round.
5 do Hoops, Screws and Bands.
5 do American and Eng. Blister, German, Spring.
Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Stocks and Dies, hand and sledge Hammers, Borax, Cast Back and two Irons, Files, Rasps, Axes, Hatchets, Wedges, Grubbing, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.
150 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes.
50 do Wrought Spikes from 3 to 10 inches.
Trace Chains, Whiffle Treese, Ox Chains, Ox Yokes, Yoke Irons, Bows and Pins.

PLOWS.

For one, two, three and four horses, embracing the largest variety, and greatest assortment, North or South. 50 tons Plow Castings, embracing Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit, with a very large stock of the following goods, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, Hay Presses, Wheat Thrashers, Horse Powers, Field Rollers, Coopers Lime and Guano Spreaders, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheel and Garden Barrows, Carriage and Waggon Boxes, Horse Shoes, &c., with every other implement that can be desired of the best conducted Farm.

For premium Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, and all other reliable goods, send your orders to have them filled—promptly, and low prices, to
nov 25 S. MARCH.

A REQUEST.

OWING to the recent destructive fire—by which the undersigned has sustained a heavy loss, including his Store, Factory, machinery, &c, &c.—he is forced to *Request* of those indebted to him to come forward and make immediate payment. He knows that, under existing circumstances, a request is all that will be required.

He takes this opportunity, also, of informing his friends and patrons, that he is making arrangements to continue his factory, and will be ready to manufacture and repair all kinds of Agricultural machinery in time for the present and coming necessities of his Farming friends. Due notice will be given, as soon as he opens.
W. H. CLARK.
E. City, March 30, 1858.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
HUSSEY'S, M'CORMICK'S, BURREL'S
REAPERS! REAPERS!!
WHEAT CUTTERS,
FURNISHED TO ORDER.
ALSO HORSE RAKES.
WM. H. CLARK.
May 16th, 1857—tf.

MARCH'S is the place to purchase Farming Tools, of every description.—
There you can find
Corn Shellers for hand or horse Power
Straw Cutters do do
Hominy Mills,
Wheat Fans.
Horse Powers, Wheat Threashers. Field Rollors
Corn Planters, Spades Shovels
Manure forks, and other Implements in the greatest variety. Send along your orders.
jan. 5 S. MARCH.

JUST OPENED at the "Bee Hive," two bales of one yard wide Brown Cotton, at 6¼ cts. per yd. very heavy goods, worth 10 cts. Norfolk, June 8, 1858.

DRY GOODS, &c.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
T. F. OWENS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
No. 11 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

HAS received a large and varied assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Which he will sell at his usual low prices
Among them may be found
Beautiful Prints with fast colors
Fancy Lawns, Mourning Lawns
Barege DeLaines very cheap
Challies new styles
Debage, Plain and Striped
White Brilliantes
Fancy Brilliantes
Light Blue Muslins, all wool
Light Green Mouslines
Pink Mouslines
Black Silks remarkable cheap
Fancy Cassimers
Black Doeskins
Worsted Plaids for boys wear
Cottonades
Tweeds
Linen Drilling
Linen Coating
Brown Linens
Black Alpacae
Furniture Prints
Lace Mantillas
Grass Skirts
Extension Skirts
Hoop Skirts very cheap
Ginghams, new style
Angola Flannel
Chamilray Ginghams
Net Mitts
Farmers Drills
Tackings

☞ Call and see the goods and hear the prices.

☞ Remember that No. 11 Market square is the place to buy cheap Dry Goods. ap. s

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

SHEETING, SHEETING, SHIRTING. Shirting. Unbleached Cottons full yard wide at 6 1-4c,
Unbleached Cottons full yard wide at 8½ worth 10 cents.
Unbleached Sheeting yard and a quater wide at 12½ cents,
Bleached Sheeting two yards wide at 25 cents.
Bleached Sheeting two and a half wide at 8½ worth 10 cents,
Bleached Cotons ⅞ wide, 8½ worth 10c,
Bleached Cottons yard wide at 10 cents worth 12½c.

Remember the place is No 1 Market Square, and as our stock of Sheetings and Shirtings is going off rapidly, it will be well for purchasers to call early.—mh 16 T. F. OWENS.

ROSCIUS.

A FOUR YEAR OLD DEVON BULL, BLOOD Red, weighing 1800 pounds, and perfect in form, will stand at the Farm of the subscriber at the low price of Ten Dollars the season. Roscius took the First Premium at the Connecticut State Fair; at the New York State Fair; and at the Late Maryland State Fair. He is the largest animal of the kind ever introduced into this Country, and is of the pure Devon Stock. I would particularly invite all feeling an interest in the improvement of Stock, to call and see for themselves. For pedigree, examine the English Herds book. Pasturage Free, but no responsibility for escapes.
WILL. H. DAVIS.
Newbegun Creek, N. C., Dec. 1, 1857—tf.

TIN AND JAPANNED WARE.

WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, JR. & Co., Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va., ask the attention of merchants of North Caralina and Virginia, to their large and well selected stock of Tin and Japanned Ware, manufactured expressly for the Southern trade, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in northern or eastern cities, and better suited to the wants of the Southern public.

Also STOVES of all kinds for all purposes, Force, Deep Well and Cistern Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Copper, Bar, Sheet Iron, brass, &c.

Etherial Oil and Lamps of all kinds for using it. mh 23

W. M. MILLAR,
NO. 11 MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.,

HAS NOW READY FOR EXHIBITION A NEW,
COMPLETE AND
CHEAP
STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,
which he offers at the
LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH!

Doing an exclusive *Cash Business*, we work for *Small Profits*. Persons from a distance who do not find it convenient to visit our city often, can have their orders put up in the best manner.
PLEASE TRY US. MILLAR'S
Cash Bargain Store, Market Square,
ap 27 Norfolk, Va.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

WHEN you are ready to purchase Spring and Summer Clothing for your Servants, you will do well to call at No 1 Market square, as we have a varied assortment of goods suitable for Negro Clothing, consisting of Farmer's Drilling Cotton Osnaburgs, Blue Drills, Canvass Duck, Domestic Plaids, Striped Drills, Plaids Osnaburgs, Striped Shirtings, Very Cheap Unbleached Cotton.

The above goods will be sold at very low prices.—ap 27 T. F. OWENS.

EMBROIDERIES, EMBROIDERIES!
AT 50 CTS. UNDER COST
AT THE BEE HIVE.
FOR 30 DAYS ONLY.

FLOUNCINGS, Collars, Sleeves, Setts Edgings and Insertings.

Now is the time to get bargains by calling at the Bee Hive, under Johnson's new hall, Norfolk, Va. JAS. SMITH,
mh 9 Proprietor.

ALLENDALE QUILTS.
AT THE
BEE HIVE.

10-4 12-4 and 13-4 Allendale Quilts at a great deal less than price.
Marseilles Spreads at a sacrifice
Hoop Skirts of the latest styles at low prices,
The Bee Hive is under Johnson's hall.
May 4th, 1858.

MATTINGS,
MATTINGS,
MATTINGS,
MATTINGS,
AT THE BEE HIVE.

4-4 5-4 and 6 4 wide, red and white, which will be sold at a bargain.
mh 26 JAMES SMITH.

GRAND OPENING at the BEE Hive, on Monday, Sept. 21st 1857, the most splendid assortment of
CLOAKS AND WRAPPINGS
Of all kinds ever seen in Norfolk, entire new designs at the BEE HIVE,
sep 29 No. 32, Main Street.

TO FISHERMEN.

AT THE DRY GOODS STORE OF
T. F. OWENS,
No. 1 MARKET SQUARE, NORFOLK,
You may find GILL NET TWINE of a superior quality, at the following prices:

2 Cord	Gill Net	Twine,	No. 20,	at 50 cents.
3 Cord	do	do	" 20,	at 50 "
2 Cord	do	do	" 25,	at 55 "
3 Cord	do	do	" 25,	at 55 "
2 Cord	do	do	" 30,	at 62½ "
3 Cord	do	do	" 30,	at 62½ "
3 Cord	do	do	" 35,	at 70 "

All orders carefully attended to.
ja 26 T. F. OWENS.

LINEN CAMBRIC Handkerchiefs at 12½ cts. Also Linen Towels at 12½cts. The above articles are most decidedly the cheapest ever offered. There is no humbug about this—all we ask is an examination.
MILLAR'S Cash Bargain Store,
may 11 Market Square.

HOOP SKIRTS—Very cheap Hoop Skirts, Extension Hoop Skirts, very cheap—Grass Cloth for Skirts—Brilliants Skirting—Embroidered Skirting at No 1 Market square.
may 11 T. F. OWENS.

EMBROIDERIES,
EMBROIDERIES!
At the BEE HIVE, Norfolk, cheap, cheap, cheap. In Collars, Sleeves, Setts, Swiss and Cambric Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings
2 Cartoons Bobbin Edging
2 cartoons real Thread Edge at a bargain
jun 29 BEE HIVE.

MEDICAL.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

BRIMFIELD, MASS., 20th Dec., 1855.
DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, ESQ., of UTICA, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, MISS., ...
BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your *Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of Whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people. HIRAM C...

AMOS LEE, ESQ., MONTEREY, IA., writes, ...: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me ... six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, PA., ...
SIR: Your *Cherry Pectoral* is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, ...

A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., ALBION, ..., writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your Cherry Pectoral for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK CITY, ...
DOCTOR AYER, LOWELL: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your *Cherry Pectoral* has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill; for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.
Yours with gratitude and regard,
ORLANDO SHELBY, of ...

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia* ...

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these PILLS have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill they make more profit on. Ask for AYER'S PILLS, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.
PRICE 25 CTS. PER BOX. FIVE BOXES FOR $1.
SOLD BY
Dr. J. N. Butt, and Whedbee & ..., Elizabeth City, and by Druggists and Dealers generally throughout the civilized world.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.
A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

TO ALL PERSONS AFFLICTED with Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILIS, the vice of ONANISM, or SELF ABUSE, &c., &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just Published by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, the Vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed letter envelope,) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or Treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
By order of the Directors.
EZRA D. HARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.
Dec. 22, 1857—1y.

DR. THOS. W. UP...

HAVING RETURNED TO ... of Pasquotank, for the purpose of locating permanently in the practice of ..., tenders his services to his old friends and the public generally; assuring them that he is truly grateful for former kindness, ... his entire time, attention and ability ... entrusted to his care; and, soliciting a continuance of their good will and patronage, he promises to do his best towards giving universal satisfaction.

He will be permanently settled at ... Elizabeth Shepherd's, where he can be found day or night, when not professionally engaged.
THO. W. UP...
January 12, 1858—tf.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. W. R. SPRUILL ... respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has now permanently located himself in Pasquotank county, ... within a short distance of his old ..., where he can at all times be found, day or night, when not called away by professional business.

He takes this method of returning thanks for the very liberal patronage of the community since his residence in the ..., and informs those who may in future require his services, that their calls shall be promptly attended to with the utmost care and attention. A continuance of patronage solicited.
June 22, 1858.